

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 2021





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Notice of Annual General Meeting

Notice is hereby given to the Members that the 38th Annual General Meeting of **FATEH SPORTS WEAR LIMITED** will be held on **Thursday, October 28, 2021 at 9:00 a.m.** at the Registered Office of the Company at Mirpurkhas Road, Hyderabad to transact the following business:-

- 1. To confirm the minutes of the last Extraordinary General Meeting held on 10th June, 2021.
- 2. To receive, consider and adopt the Audited Financial Statements of the Company for the year ended June 30, 2021, together with the Directors' and Auditors' Reports thereon.
- 3. To appoint Auditors and fix their remuneration for the year ending June 30, 2022.
- 4. To transact any other business with the permission of the Chair.

By order of the Board for Fateh Sports Wear Limited

Hyderabad: October 5, 2021 **Ghous Muhammad Khan**

Company Secretary

NOTES:

- 1. The share transfer books of the Company will remain closed from 22nd to 28th October, 2021 (both days inclusive).
- 2. Any member of the Company who is entitled to attend and vote may appoint any other member of the Company as his/her Proxy to attend and vote in his/her stead.
- 3. Proxies in order to be effective must be received at the Registered Office of the Company not later than 48 hours before the time of holding the meeting.
- 4. In light of the threat by the evolving coronaviurs (COVID-19), the SECP has advised the Company to modify their usual planning for Annual General Meeting in order to protect the well being of the shareholders. The shareholders who are interested to attend AGM through video conference, are hereby requested to get themselves registered with the Company's Head Office by providing their CNIC Number, Folio/CDC Account Number, Cell number and email ID for identification at the earliest but not later than 24 hours before the timing of AGM.
- 5. Members who wish to receive annual accounts via email are requested to submit the consent form available at Company's website duly filled in alongiwth copy of her/his CNIC and any change in their address by writing to Registrar of the Company.
- 6. CDC account holders will further have to follow the guideline as laid down in Circular No.1 dated January 26, 2000 issued by the Securities & Exchange Commission of Pakistan.



Company Profile

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

CHIEF EXECUTIVE

Mr. Rauf Alam

CHAIRMAN

Mr. Aftab Alam

DIRECTORS

Mr. Aftab Alam

Mr. Saeed Alam

Mr. Faraz Alam

Mr. Ashhar Alam

Mr. Jamal Alam

Mrs. Shabana Aftab

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. Ghous Muhammad Khan

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

Mr. Muhammad Ismail

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Mr. Saeed Alam

Mr. Aftab Alam

Mr. Faraz Alam

HR & R COMMITTEE

Mr. Faraz Alam

Mr. Ashhar Alam

Mr. Jamal Alam

AUDITORS

M/s. Clarkson Hyde Saud Ansari

Chartered Accountants

SHARE REGISTRAR

M/s. F.D. Registrar Services (Pvt) Ltd. Saima Trade Tower-A, Karachi.

BANKERS

Askari Bank Limited Bank AL-Habib Limited Habib Bank Limited Allied Bank of Pakistan Ltd.

REGISTERED OFFICE

442-Mirpurkhas Road, Hyderabad

Tel: (92-22) 3886263-67 Fax: (92-22) 3886268 Email: fswl@fateh1.com Web: www.fatehsports.com

PLANT

Kali Mori Hyderabad.



Chairman's Review Report

On Board's overall performance u/s 192 of the Companies Act-2017

I have to give a review report on the Board of Directors' performance during the financial year ended June 30, 2021. **Fateh Sports Wear Limited** complies with all the requirements, set out in the Companies Act-2017 and the Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance Regulations, 2019) with respect to the composition, procedures and meetings of the Board of Directors and its committees. As regards appointment of Independent Directors on the Board as mentioned in the Auditors' Review Report, the Board of Directors who holds more than 80% shareholding is considering de-listing of the Company from Pakistan Stock Exchange. For this purpose a formal BOD's meeting will be held during the current year to initiate the procedure. As required under the Code of Corporate Governance, an annual evaluation of the Board of Directors of **Fateh Sports Wear Limited** is carried out. The purpose of this evaluation is to ensure that the Board's overall performance and effectiveness is measured and benchmarked against expectations in the context of objectives set for the Company. Areas where improvements are required are duly considered and action plans are framed and implemented.

The Board of Directors of your Company received agendas and supporting written material including follow up materials in sufficient time prior to the board and its committee meetings. The board meets frequently enough to adequately discharge its responsibilities. All the directors (executive/non-executive) are equally involved in important decisions.

The Board shall continue to play a vital role in setting the direction of the Company and promoting its success. I would like to assure our valued shareholders that the Board will make every possible Endeavour to improve the performance of the Company and to achieve greater success while upholding the principles of good corporate governance. I would like to thank the management and the esteemed shareholders for reposing confidence in the Company and its Board of Directors.

AFTAB ALAM

Chairman

Hyderabad: September 23, 2021



Directors' Report

For the year ended June 30, 2021

The Board of Directors present their report and financial statements of the Company alongwith Auditors' Report for the year ended June 30, 2021.

There were no sales recorded in the books of account during the financial year. However, Company incurred Operating Loss of Rs.2.16 million in respect of Depreciation, Utilities and taxes. Company incurred loss of Rs.21.41 million in respect of Foreign Exchange loss. After Financial and Other Charges, Company incurred Loss before Taxation of Rs.23.95 Million. Net Loss carried forward to Balance Sheet is Rs. 23.95 million. Loss per share for the period ended is Rs. 11.97.

During the year Management of the Company started renovation of some portion of the factory building with desire to rent out the renovated area as Banquet, Community Centre or any other suitable proposition. Management is also planning to restart the production activities soon after releasing of US\$:2.000 million which are stuck up in consequence of restraining order of Honorable High Court of Sindh.

Compliance with Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations-2019

The requirements of Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations-2019, relevant for the year ended **June 30, 2021** have been duly complied with, except for those disclosed in statement of compliance with Listed Companies (CCG) Regulations. The Directors confirm the compliance of Regulations for Corporate Governance, statement to this effect is annexed.

Statement on Corporate and Financial Reporting Framework

The financial statements, prepared by the management of the Company, presents fairly its state of affairs, cash flows and changes in equity;

Proper books of accounts have been maintained by the Company;

Appropriate accounting policies have been consistently applied in preparation of financial statements and accounting estimates are based on reasonable and prudent judgment;

The International Accounting Standards, as applicable in Pakistan, have been followed in preparation of financial statements and any departure there from has been adequately disclosed;

The System on internal control is sound in design;

There are no significant doubts upon the company's ability to continue as a going concern;

There has been no material departure from the best practices of corporate governance, as detailed in the listing regulations;

Operating and financial data for the last six years is as under;

(Rs.000)

	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Sales	23,363	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gross Profit / (Loss)	523	0	0	0	0	0	0
Selling & Administration Expenses	7,760	1,618	941	913	1,177	19,538	2,156
Profit/(Loss) before Taxation	(7,525)	(1,248)	(1,247)	(3,159)	(18,745)	635,191	(23,947)
Profit/(Loss) after Taxation	(7,716)	(1,248)	(1,247)	(3,159)	(18,745)	633,285	(23,947)
Authorized Capital	50,000	50,000	50,000	50,000	50,000	50,000	50,000
Paid up Capital	20,000	20,000	20,000	20,000	20,000	20,000	20,000
Shareholder's equity	(250,471)	(251,719)	(252,966)	(256,125)	(274,870)	358,415	334,468
Fixed Assets	15,160	14,402	13,721	13,108	12,292	11,823	11,402
Total Assets	44,053	41,750	39,925	37,382	19,579	379,493	360,095



No trading of shares have been carried out by the Chief Executive, Directors, Chief Financial Officer, Company Secretary, their spouses and minor children;

During the year four (04) meetings of the Board of Directors were held. The attendance of each Director is as follows:

S.NO.	NAME OF DIRECTO	OR MEETING ATTENDED)
1.	Mr. Rauf Alam		04
2.	Mr. Aftab Alam		04
3.	Mr. Saeed Alam		04
4.	Mr. Faraz Alam		04
5.	Mr. Ashhar Alam		04
6.	Mr. Jamal Alam		04
7.	Mr. Aneek Alam	- Retired in June-21	04
8.	Mrs. Shabana Aftab	- Elected in June-21	0

Pattern of Shareholding required under section 227 of the Companies Act-2017 is annexed; Outstanding taxes and levies are given in the relevant notes to the audited financial statements;

No material changes and commitments affecting the financial position of the Company have occurred between the end of the financial year to which these financial statements relate and the date of directors' report.

Auditors' Observation

1. The company has sent the letters for balance confirmation and subsequently reminders to its creditors/debtors, hence, no reply has been received from their end. Bank confirmation letter were sent directly by the Auditors to the Bank duly authorized by us.

Auditors:

The present auditors, M/s. Clarkson Hyde Saud Ansari, Chartered Accountants retire at the conclusion of the Annual General Meeting and being eligible, have ofered themselves for reappointment. The Audit Committee of the Company having considered the matter, recommend the retiring auditors for reappointment for the year ending June 30, 2022.

Place: HyderabadRAUF ALAMSAEED ALAMDated: September 23, 2021Chief ExecutiveDirector



ڈائز یکٹرزر بورٹ

برائے اختامی سال 30 جون 2021 رفح اسپورس دئر لمینز

کمپنی کے بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرز آ کچے سامنے 30 جون 2021 کواختیا مہونے والے مالی سال کے لیئے آڈٹ شدہ حسابات بشمول آڈیٹرزر پورٹ پیش کررہے ہیں۔

مالی سال کے دوران کمپنی کے کھاتوں میں کمی قتم کی فروخت ریکارڈ نہیں کی گئ تاہم سالانہ اٹاٹوں کی فرسودگی، بلزاور کیکسس کی مدمیں 2.16 ملین روپے کا ابتدائی نقصان ریکارڈ کیا گیا۔ کی ابتدائی نقصان ریکارڈ کیا گیا۔ کی ابتدائی نقصان دوپے کا نقصان ہوا۔ مالی اوردیگراوائیکیوں کے بعد قبل اذیکی نقصان فی شیر 11.97روپے ریکارڈ کیا گیا۔ بعد قبل اذیکی نقصان فی شیر 11.97روپے ریکارڈ کیا گیا۔

دوران سال سمپنی کی انتظامیہ نے فیکٹری بلڈنگ کے کچھ صے کی تزئین وآرائش کا کام اس خواہش کے ساتھ شروع کیا ہے کہ اس تز کین وآرائش والے مصے کو بطور بنکوئیٹ ،ساجی مرکز یا کسی اور ضیافت کے استعمال کے لئے کرائے پردے دیا جائے۔ساتھ ساتھ کپنی کی انتظامیہ اس بات کی بھی منصوبہ بندی کر رہی ہے کہ معزز ہائی کورٹ آف سندھ کے تھم پردو کے گئے بقایا 2.000 ملین ڈالر ملتے ہی کمپنی کی پروڈکشن دوبارہ شروع کی جائے۔

نظم وضبط كالمثيمنث اور مالياتى ربورتك كافريم درك 2019:

اختنا می سال جون 2021 کے لئے لیکھینیز کے کوڈ آف کارپوریٹ گورنس ریگولیٹن 2019 پڑ ملدرآ مدکیا ہے سوائے ان شقوں کے جو کہ اسٹینٹ آف کمہلا تنس میں ظاہر کردی گی ہیں۔ڈائر یکٹرز کی جانب سے اسٹیٹنٹ آف کمہلا تنس کی تصدیق اس بورٹ کے ساتھ نسلک ہے۔

کار بوریث اور فنافشل ر پورٹنگ فریم ورک کے اصول درج ذیل ہیں۔

سمپنی کی انظامیہ کی جانب سے تیار کردو مالیاتی گوشوار ہے کمپنی کے حالات ،اس کے کاروباری نتائج ،نقدرقم کی ترسیل اور حصص میں ردوبدل کی شفاف ع کاس کرتے ہیں۔ سمپنی کے کھاتے مناسب طریقے سے تیار کئے جاتے ہیں۔

> مناسب محاسی پالیسی کے تسلسل کو مالیاتی گوشوارے کی تیاری میں الاگوکیا گیا ہے۔ کاسی کے اندازے ماہرانداور مجاظ فیصلوں پرجنی ہوتے ہیں۔ مالیاتی گوشوارے کی تیاری میں بین الاقوامی مالیاتی رپورٹنگ معیارات، جو کہ پاکستان میں نافذالعمل ہیں، ان کی پیروی کی گئی ہے۔ اندرونی کنٹرول کے نظام منظم ہیں اورا سے موٹر طریقے ہے عملدر آمداور گرانی کی جاتی ہے۔ آنے والے سالوں میں کمپنی کے کاروباری تسلسل پر سمی قشم کے شکوک وشبہات نہیں ہیں۔ لقم وضبط کے حوالے ہے کوئی بھی مواد قانون کے خلاف نہیں ہے جس کی تفصیلات لسٹ میں دی گئی ہے۔ گزشتہ جے سالوں کے لئے کمپنی کے اہم اموراور مالیاتی تفصیلات مسلک ہیں۔



سمی بھی ڈائر کیٹرز ، کی ایف او بھپنی سیکریٹری ، ان کی بیگات و بچوں نے اس سال کے دوران کمپنی کے شیر زمیں کوئی تجارت نہیں کی ہے جس کا اندراج شیئر ہولڈنگ کے طریقہ کارمیں پہلے ہی درج کردیا گیا ہے۔

دوران سال بورد آف ڈائر کیٹرز کی چار میٹنگز منعقد ہو چکی ہیں۔ان میٹنگز میں درج ذیل ڈائر کیٹرز نے شرکت کی ہے۔

میٹنگز میں شرکت کرنے کی تعداد	ڈائز کیٹرز کے نام
4	جناب رؤف عالم
4	جنابآ فآب عالم
. 4	جناب سعيدعالم
4	جناب فرازعالم
4	جناب اشبرعالم
4	جناب جمال عالم
4	جناب انیک عالم (جون 2021) میں ریٹائر ہو گئے)
0	محرّ مدشإندا قاب (جون 2021 مين مختب مولَي مين)
رٹ کے ماتھ مسلک ہے۔	سمینی کے شیر مولڈنگ کا طریقہ کار 30 جون 2021 کی رپو
م یکس واجب الا دانہیں ہے۔	مالیاتی اشیشن میں درج کئے گئے نیکس کے علاوہ کمپنی براورکو کم
	اس رپورٹ کی تشہیر تک ایسی کوئی تبدیلی واقع نبیس ہوئی جو کہ ا

آۋیٹرز کا مثاہرہ:

سمپنی کی طرف سے تمام مقروض و قرض دہندگان کو بقایاجات کی تصدیق کے لئے خطوط ارسال کئے گئے ہیں بعدازاں یادد ہانی کے خطوط بھی ارسال کئے گئے ہیں تاہم کی کی جانب سے تصدیقی جواب موصول نہیں ہوا۔ بیکوں کی توشق کیلئے خطوط براہ راست آڈیٹرز کے ذریعے بھیج دئے گئے تھے۔

آۋيىرزى تقررى:

موجودہ آڈیٹرزمیسرزکلارکسن ہائیڈسعودانصاری، چارٹرڈاکاونٹنٹس سالانہ اجلاس عام کے اختتام کے بعد سبکدوش ہوجا کیں گے اورانہوں نے اہلیت کے حامل ہونے کی وجہ سے اگلے ہالی سال کے لیئے دوبارہ تقرری کے لئے خودکو پیش کردیا ہے۔ کمپنی کی آڈٹ کمپٹی نے اس امر پرغور کے بعد سبکدوش ہونے والے آڈیٹرزکی اختتامی سال 30 جون 2022 کے لئے دوبارہ تقرری کی سفارش کی ہے۔

سعيد عالم	رؤفءالم	حيدرآباد: 23 تتبر 2021
فاتر <u>ک</u> ٹر	چيف ايگزيکڻيو	



Statement of Compliance with Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019

Name of Company: Fateh Sports Wear Limited

Year ending: **30th June, 2021**

The Company has complied with the requirements of with Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019 (the Regulations) in the following manner:

1. The Total number of directors are seven (07) as per the following:

a) Male: 06 b) Female: 01

2. The composition of board is as follows:

Categories		Quantity	Name
a)	Independent Directors	-	
b)	Other Non-executive Directors		Mr. Aftab Alam, Mr. Faraz Alam, Mr. Ashhar Alam, Mr. Jamal Alam & Mrs. Shabana Aftab
c)	Executive Directors	02	Mr. Rauf Alam & Mr. Saeed Alam

- 3. The directors have confirmed that none of them is serving as a director on more than seven listed companies, including this company.
- 4. The company has prepared a Code of Conduct and has ensured that appropriate steps have been taken to disseminate it throughout the company along with its supporting policies and procedures.
- 5. The board has developed a vision/mission statement, overall corporate strategy and significant policies of the company. A complete record of particulars of significant policies along with the dates on which they were approved or amended has been maintained
- 6. All the powers of the board have been duly exercised and decisions on relevant matters have been taken by board/ shareholders as empowered by the relevant provisions of the Act and these Regulations.
- 7. The meetings of the board were presided over by the Chief Executive and, in his absence, by a director elected by the board for this purpose. The board has complied with the requirements of Act and the Regulations with respect to frequency, recording and circulating minutes of meeting of board.
- 8. The board of directors have a formal policy and transparent procedures for remuneration of directors in accordance with the Act and these Regulations.
- 9. In accordance with the criteria specified in Regulations, three directors of the company are exempted from the requirement of director's training program and rest of the directors to be trained within specified time.



- 10. The board had already approved and assigned the additional responsibilities of CFO and Company Secretary of Finishers Limited in Group Companies including their remuneration and terms and conditions of employment and complied with relevant requirements of the Regulations.
- 11. CFO and CEO duly endorsed the financial statements before approval of the board.
- 12. The board has already formed committees comprising of members given below:
 - a) Audit Committee: Mr. Saeed Alam, Mr. Aftab Alam and Mr. Faraz Alam.
 - b) HR & Remuneration Committee: Mr. Faraz Alam, Mr. Ashhar Alam and Mr. Jamal
- 13. The terms of reference of the aforesaid committees have been formed, documented and advised to the committee for compliance.
- 14. The frequency of meetings (quarterly/half yearly/ yearly) of the committee were as per following:
 - a) Audit Committee: 05 Meetings
 - a) HR & Remuneration Committee: 01 Meeting
- 15. The board has set up an effective internal audit function who are considered suitably qualified and experienced for the purpose and are conversant with the policies and procedures of the company.
- 16. The statutory auditors of the company have confirmed that they have been given a satisfactory rating under the quality control review program of the ICAP, and registered with Audit Oversight Board of Pakistan that they or any of the partners of the firm, their spouses and minor children do not hold shares of the company and that the firm and all its partners are in compliance with International Federation of Accountants (IFAC) guidelines on code of ethics as adopted by the ICAP and that they and the partners of the firm involved in the audit are not a close relative(spouse, parent, dependent and non-dependent children) of the chief executive officer, chief financial officer, head of internal audit, company secretary or director of the company.
- 17. The statutory auditors or the persons associated with them have not been appointed to provide other services except in accordance with the Act, these regulations or any other regulatory requirement and the auditors have confirmed that they have observed IFAC guidelines in this regard.
- 18. We confirm that all requirements of Regulations 3, 6, 8, 27, 32, 33 and 36 of the Regulations have been complied with.

RAUF ALAM SAEED ALAM

Dated: September 23, 2021 Chief Executive Director



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REVIEW REPORT

To the members of : FATEH SPORTS WEAR LIMITED

Review Report on the Statement of Compliance contained in Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019

We have reviewed the enclosed Statement of Compliance with the Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019 (the Regulations) prepared by the Board of Directors of **FATEH SPORTS WEAR LIMITED** (the Company) for the year ended June 30, 2021 in accordance with the requirements of regulation 36 of the Regulations.

The responsibility for compliance with the Regulations is that of the Board of Directors of the Company. Our responsibility is to review whether the Statement of Compliance reflects the status of the Company's compliance with the provisions of the Regulations and report if it does not and to highlight any non-compliance with the requirements of the Regulations. A review is limited primarily to inquiries of the Company's personnel and review of various documents prepared by the Company to comply with the Regulations.

As a part of our audit of the financial statements we are required to obtain an understanding of the accounting and internal control systems sufficient to plan the audit and develop an effective audit approach. We are not required to consider whether the Board of Directors' statement on internal control covers all risks and controls or to form an opinion on the effectiveness of such internal controls, the Company's corporate governance procedures and risks.

The Regulations require the Company to place before the Audit Committee, and upon recommendation of the Audit Committee, place before the Board of Directors for their review and approval, its related party transactions. We are only required and have ensured compliance of this requirement to the extent of the approval of the related party transactions by the Board of Directors upon recommendation of the Audit Committee.

Following instance(s) of non-compliance with the requirements of the Regulations was / were observed which is/are not stated in the Statement of Compliance:

Independent Directors – As per Regulation No. 6 of the Regulations, the independent directors should not be less than two or one third of the total number of the board of directors, whichever is higher. The Company has not appointed any independent director.

Based on our review, except for the above instance of non-compliance, nothing has come to our attention which causes us to believe that the Statement of Compliance does not appropriately reflect the Company's compliance, in all material respects, with the requirements contained in the Regulations as applicable to the Company for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Clarkson Hyde Saud Ansari

Chartered Accountants Engagement Partner – **Saud Ansari** Karachi

Dated: September 23, 2021



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the members of: **FATEH SPORTS WEAR LIMITED**

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements Qualified Opinion

We have audited the annexed financial statements of **FATEH SPORTS WEAR LIMITED** (the Company), which comprise the statement of financial position as at June 30, 2021, and the statement of profit or loss, statement of comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity, the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, and we state that we have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purposes of the audit.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, except for the possible effects of the matter described in the *Basis for Qualified Opinion* section of our report the statement of financial position, and the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity, and the statement of cash flows, together with the notes forming part thereof conform with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and give the information required by the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017), in the manner so required and respectively give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at June 30, 2021 of the loss and other comprehensive income, the changes in equity and its cash flows for the year then ended.

Basis for Qualified Opinion

Balance confirmations from some banks could not be received. We verified the balances with original bank statements, but could not ensure that there are no undisclosed liabilities or contingent liabilities with these banks.

Our audit opinion on the financial statements for the prior year was qualified due to the same reason as this year. Our opinion on the current year's financial statements is also qualified because of the possible effect of this matter on the comparability of the current year's figures and the corresponding figures.

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) as applicable in Pakistan. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (the Code) and we have fulfilled our ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.



Material Uncertainty relating to Going concern

We draw attention to Note 2.4 to the financial statements, which states that these financial statements have been prepared on going concern basis, yet there are factors which effect the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, for instance the operations of the Company have been closed since the year 2015, due to the reasons as stated in Note No.1. The aforesaid condition indicate the existence of a material uncertainty which cast significant doubt about the company's ability to continue as a going concern. Management's plans and other mitigating factors to this matter have been discussed in Note 2.4 to the financial statements. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. We have determined that there are no key audit matters to communicate in our report.

Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements, or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.



Responsibilities of Management and Board of Directors for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and the requirements of Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017) and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Board of directors are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.



- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusion are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the board of directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in the internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the board of directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the board of directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Based on our audit, we further report that in our opinion:

a) proper books of account have been kept by the Company as required by the Companies Act,2017 (XIX of 2017);



- b) the statement of financial position, the statement of profit or loss, the statement of comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows, together with notes thereon have been drawn up in conformity with the Companies Act,2017(XIX of 2017)and are in agreement with the books of account and returns;
- c) investments made, expenditure incurred and guarantees extended during the year were for the purpose of the Company's business; and
- d) no Zakat was deductible at source under the Zakat and Ushr Ordinance, 1980 (XVIII of 1980).

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is

SAUD ANSARI

Clarkson Hyde Saud Ansari Chartered Accountants Date: September 23, 2021



Statement of Financial Position as	NOTE NO.	30-06-2021 Rupees	30-06-2020 Rupees
NON CURRENT ASSETS			паросо
Property, Plant and Equipment	4	11,402,146	11,823,44
Capital work in process	5	28,328,342	1
		39,730,488	11,823,44
CURRENT ASSETS			
Stores, Spare and Loose Tools	6	0	
Inventories Trade Receivables	7 8	0 315,087,400	336,500,00
Advances, Deposits and Prepayments	9	1,260,967	1,134,76
Other Receivables	10	0	, ,
Cash and Bank Balances	11	4,016,278	30,034,56
		320,364,645	367,669,33
		360,095,133	379,492,77
SHARE CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Share Capital Revenue Reserve	12	20,000,000	20,000,00
General reserve		53,500,000	53,500,00
Unappropriated Profit		260,968,055	284,915,03
		334,468,055	358,415,03
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
rade and Other Payables	13	4,911,773	5,207,33
oan from Directors	14	20,601,914	15,757,01
Provision for Taxation	15	113,391	113,39
		25,627,078	21,077,73
CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS	16		

The annexed notes form an integral part of these financial statements

RAUF ALAM SAEED ALAM MUHAMMAD ISMAIL

360,095,133

Dated: September 23, 2021 Chief Executive Director Chief Financial Officer

379,492,770



Statement of Profit or Loss

For the year ended June 30, 2021

	NOTE NO.	30-06-2021 Rupees	30-06-2020 Rupees
Sales		0	0
Less: Cost of Sales		0	0_
Gross Profit		0	0
Less: Administration Expense	18	2,156,435	19,537,683
Operating Loss	·	(2,156,435)	(19,537,683)
Other Income	20	0	468,083,234
Foreign Exchange (loss)/Gain		(21,412,600)	193,784,525
		(23,569,035)	642,330,076
Financial expenses - Bank Charges		(2,941)	(477,877)
Other Charges	21	(375,000)	(6,661,685)
(Loss)/Profit Before Taxation		(23,946,976)	635,190,514
Taxation	22	0	1,905,600
Net (Loss) / Profit For the Year		(23,946,976)	633,284,914
(Loss) / Earning per share	23	(11.97)	316.64

The annexed notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

RAUF ALAMChief Executive

SAEED ALAM Director MUHAMMAD ISMAIL
Chief Financial Officer

Dated: September 23, 2021



Statement of Comprehensive Income

For the year ended June 30, 2021

Dated: September 23, 2021

	30-06-2021 Rupees	30-06-2020 Rupees
Net (Loss) / Profit for the year	(23,946,976)	633,284,914
Other Comprehensive Income / (Loss)		
Total Comprehensive (Loss) / Income for the year	(23,946,976)	633,284,914

The annexed notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

RAUF ALAMChief Executive

SAEED ALAM Director MUHAMMAD ISMAIL

Chief Financial Officer



Statement Cash Flows

For the year ended June 30, 2021

- 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	30-06-2021	30-06-2020
	Rupees	Rupees
Cash flow from Operating Activities		
(Loss)/Profit before taxation	(23,946,976)	635,190,514
Adjustments for:		
Depreciation	421,294	468,506
Provision for Expected Credit Losses	0	(294,319,208)
Provision of Stock Obsolescence	0	6,134,237
Loan form bank written back	0	(132,380,182)
Bank mark up written bank	0	(2,427,577)
Foreign Exchange Loss (Gain)	21,412,600	(193,784,525)
Operating (Loss) / Profit before working capital changes	(2,113,082)	18,881,765
(Increase) / Decrease in Operating Assets		
Trade Receivables	0	(42,180,792)
Advances, Deposits and Prepayments	(54,300)	0
	(2,167,382)	(23,299,027)
Increase /(Decrease) in Operating Liabilities		
Trade and Other Payables	(295,563)	(10,244,852)
Cash generated from/(used in) operations	(2,462,945)	(33,543,879)
Income Taxes paid	(71,902)	(1,974,397)
Foreign Exchange (Loss)/Gain	0	193,784,525
Net Cash (used) /generated Operating Activities	(2,534,847)	158,266,249
Cash From Investing Activities		
Capital work in process	(28,328,342)	0_
Net Cash (used) in Investing Activities	(28,328,342)	0
Cash From Financing Activities		
Loan from Directors (Repaid) / Received	4,844,902	(80,889,435)
Loan from Bank Repaid	0	(47,429,265)
Net Cash from/(used in) Financing Activities	4,844,902	(128,318,700)
Net (Decrease)/Increase cash and cash equivalents	(26,018,287)	29,947,549
Cash and Cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	30,034,565	87,016
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	4,016,278	30,034,565
and and equitations at the eller of the year		- 3,00 .,000

The annexed notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

RAUF ALAM SAEED ALAM MUHAMMAD ISMAIL

 Dated:
 September 23, 2021
 Chief Executive
 Director
 Chief Financial Officer



Statement of Changes in Equity For the year ended June 30, 2021

For the year ended June 30, 2021	Issued Subscribed & Paid up Capital	General Reserve Revenue	Unappropriated Profit/ Accumulated (Loss) -Rupees	Total
Balance as at July 1, 2019	20,000,000	53,500,000	(348,369,883)	(274,869,883)
Net Profit for the Year	0	0	633,284,914	633,284,914
Other comprehensive income for the year	0	0	0	0
	0	0	633,284,914	633,284,914
Balance as at June 30, 2020	20,000,000	53,500,000	284,915,031	358,415,031
Net Loss for the Year	0	0	(23,946,976)	(23,946,976)
Other comprehensive income for the year	0	0	0	0
	0	0	(23,946,976)	(23,946,976)
Balance as at June 30, 2021	20,000,000	53,500,000	260,968,055	334,468,055

The annexed notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

RAUF ALAM

Chief Executive

Dated: September 23, 2021

SAEED ALAM

Director

MUHAMMAD ISMAIL

Chief Financial Officer



Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended June 30, 2021

1 CORPORATE AND GENERAL INFORMATION

The company was incorporated on May 20, 1984, as a public company limited by shares under the Companies Ordinance, 1984 (now the Companies Act, 2017), and is listed on Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited. The business of company is to manufacture ready-made garments for selling them locally as well as exporting.

The manufacturing activities had remained suspended since 2003. The manufacturing activities were commenced during the year 2013 for supplying goods to local and foreign customers, but due to scarce financial resources the operations were not viable, hence operations were closed in March 2015. The core reason for non-production is blockage of funds with Russia at time when the Russian Central Bank defaulted on its debts due to disintegration of U.S.S.R., that rendered the Company in to the financial distress. The manufacturing activities could not be profitably carried out with scarce financial resources, hence to mitigate the operational and administrative costs, operations had remained closed. During the year the Company has planned to operate banquet hall, and has incurred a capital expenditure to the tune of Rs.28.3 million, and the work is still in progress.

The geographical locations and addresses of Company's offices are as under:

- The Registered office is situated at 442, Mirpurkhas Road, Hyderabad.
- Factory is also situated at 442, Mirpurkhas Road, Hyderabad.

2 BASIS OF PRESENTATION

2.1 Statement of Compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting and financial reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan. The accounting and financial reporting standards applicable in Pakistan comprise of:

- International Financial Reporting Standards issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) as notified under the Companies Act, 2017; and
- Provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017.

Where provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 differ from the IFRS, the provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 have been followed.

2.2 New standards, interpretations and amendments to published approved accounting standards that are effective in the

The new standards, amendments to approved accounting standards and interpretations that are mandatory for the financial year beginning on July 1, 2020 are considered not to be relevant or to have any significant effect on the Company's financial reporting and operations, therefore not detailed in these financial statements.

2.3 New standards, interpretations and amendments to published approved accounting standards that are not yet effective in the current year and have not been early adopted by the Company

The following new standards and amendments to approved accounting standards are not effective for the financial year beginning on July 1, 2020 and have not been early adopted by the Company:

IAS 37 Onerous Contracts

Under IAS 37 'Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets', a contract is 'onerous' when the unavoidable costs of meeting the contractual obligations – i.e. the lower of the costs of fulfilling the contract and the costs of terminating it – outweigh the economic benefits. The amendments clarify that the 'costs of fulfilling a contract' comprise both the incremental costs – e.g. direct labour and materials; and an allocation of other direct costs – e.g. an allocation of the depreciation charge for an item of property, plant and equipment used in fulfilling the contract.

Effective date: January 1, 2022



IAS 16 Proceeds before an asset's intended use

Effective date: January 1, 2022

Amendment to IAS 16 'Property, Plant and Equipment' prohibit a company from deducting from the cost of property, plant and equipment amounts received from selling items produced while the company is preparing the asset for its intended use. Instead, a company will recognize such sales proceeds and related cost in profit or loss. The amendments apply retrospectively, but only to items of PPE made available for use n or after the beginning of the earliest period presented in the financial statements in which the company first applies the amendments.

2.4 Basis of Measurement

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by the remeasurement of investments to their fair value. In these financial statements, except for the amounts reflected in the cash flow statement, all transactions have been accounted for under the accrual basis of accounting.

Going Concern Assumption

These financial statements have been prepared on going concern basis, yet there are factors which effect the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, for instance the operations of the Company have been closed since the year 2015, due to the reasons as stated in Note No.1.

Mitigating Factors to the Uncertainty relating to the use of Going Concern

Foreign debtors with Russia were blocked due to delinkage of the same with Russian Federation. The management of the Company had filed an appeal before the Honorable Foreign Exchange Regulation Appellate Board, Karachi against the order of Honorable Foreign Exchange Adjudication Court, State Bank of Pakistan, Banking Services Corporation in July 2014. Foreign Exchange Regulation Appellate Board, vide order dated 24.04.2017 has annulled and set aside the said order and directed the adjudication officer to pass afresh speaking and final order on all legal and factual grounds and further directed to not to take any coercive measures against the appellant till further direction of the Appellate Board. Further during the year 2019 the Company had filed a constitutional petition before the Honorable High Court of Sindh.

The Government of Pakistan and the Russian Federation have been discussing the matter for settlement of claims by the Pakistani exporters. The Government of Pakistan has frozen the account of the Russian Federation Government maintained with NBP, till the settlement of the claims of the Pakistani exporters, in accordance, with the order of the Honorable High Court of sindh. Consequent to the negotiations for recovery of stuck up funds from Russian the Federation, an amount of USD 3,200,000 was placed at the disposal of the Company, out of which an amount of USD 1,200,000 (Rs.190,560,000) including sea freight compensation has been received during the previous year.

Thus the Company has been able to generate net positive cash flows of Rs.158,266,249 from operations and provision for expected credit losses amounting to Rs. 294.3 million has been reversed, during the previous year. The unappropriated profit as on the closing date stands at Rs.260.1 million in contrast to accumulated loss and adverse current ratio two years back. The management is to restart the operations viably a new. During the year the Company has planned to operate banquet hall, and has incurred a capital expenditure to the tune of Rs.28.3 million, and the work is still in progress, to cover fixed costs. The management has no plans to liquidate its assets other than in the normal course of business. Moreover continued financial support is available from the directors and other related parties.

Since operations have not yet been commenced, there is a material uncertainty which cast significant doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, therefore it may be unable to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business. These financial statements do not include any adjustments relating to the recoverability and classification of recorded assets amounts, and discharge and classification of liabilities, that may be necessary should the company be unable to continue as a going concern.

2.5 Functional and Presentation Currency

These financial statements are presented in Pakistan Rupees, which is the company's functional and presentation currency.



2.6 Use of Estimates and Judgments

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with the approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan, requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis of making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates. The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods. The estimates and judgments that have a significant effect on the financial statements, are as follows:-

Depreciable amount and useful lives of Property, Plant and Equipment

In accordance with the accounting policy, the management carries out an annual assessment of depreciation amount and useful lives of assets. Further, the Company reviews the value of assets for possible impairment on an annual basis. Any change in the estimates in the future might affect the carrying amount of respective item of property, plant and equipment, with a corresponding effect on the depreciation charge and impairment.

Stores, Spares and Loose Tools

The Company reviews the net realizable value and impairment of stores, spares and loose tools to assess any diminution in the respective carrying value and wherever required provision for impairment is made. The calculation of provision involves the use of estimates with regard to future estimated use and past consumption of stores and spares along with holding period.

Inventories

Net realizable value of inventories is determined with reference to currently prevailing selling prices less estimated expenditure to make sales.

Provision for Expected Credit Losses

The allowance for expected credit losses assessment, requires a degree of estimation and judgment. It is based on the lifetime expected credit loss, based on days overdue. In particular, judgment by management is required in the estimation of the amount and timing of future cash flows, in determining the level of provision.

Income Taxes

In making the estimates for income tax currently payable by the Company, the management takes into account the current income tax law and the decisions of appellate authorities on certain issues in the past.

3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

3.1 Property, Plant and Equipment

These are stated at cost less depreciation and impairment loss, if any. Depreciation is charged on pro-rata basis by applying the reducing balance method, whereby the cost of an asset is written off over its useful life, at the rates specified in note. 4 to the financial statements. The residual value, depreciation method and the useful lives of each part of property, plant and equipment that is significant in relation to the total cost of the asset are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each reporting date.

Maintenance and normal repairs are charged to profit and loss account as and when incurred, whereas major renewals and improvements are capitalized and the assets so replaced, if any, are retired. Gains and losses on disposal of assets, if any, are taken to the profit and loss.

3.2 Stores, Spares and Loose Tools

These are carried at lower of moving average cost or net realizable value, except items in transit which are stated at cost accumulated up to the date of the financial statements.



3.3 Inventories

These are carried at lower of cost or net realizable value. Cost is calculated on the following basis:

Raw materials at moving average cost

- Goods in Transit at cost accumulated up to the closing date

Goods in Process at manufacturing costFinished Goods at average manufacturing

Net realizable value signifies the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less cost of completion and cost necessarily to be incurred in order to make the sales.

3.4 Financial Instruments

The Company follows IFRS 9 "Financial Instruments". The standard prescribes classification and measurement models for financial assets. A financial asset shall be measured at amortized cost if it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets in order to collect contractual cash flows which arise on specified dates and that are solely principal and interest. A debt instrument shall be measured at fair value through other comprehensive income if it is held within a business model whose objective is to both hold assets in order to collect contractual cash flows which arise on specified dates that are solely principal and interest as well as selling the asset on the basis of its fair value. All other financial assets are classified and measured at fair value through profit or loss unless the Company makes an irrevocable election on initial recognition to present gains and losses on equity instruments in other comprehensive income. Despite these requirements, a financial asset may be irrevocably designated as measured at fair value through profit or loss to reduce the effect of, or eliminate, an accounting mismatch. For financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss, the standard requires the portion of the change in fair value that relates to the Company's own credit risk to be presented in other comprehensive income (unless it would create an accounting mismatch). Hedge accounting requirements are intended to more closely align the accounting treatment with the risk management activities of the Company. Impairment requirements use an 'expected credit loss' ('ECL') model to recognize an allowance. Impairment is measured using a 12-month ECL method unless the credit risk on a financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition in which case the lifetime ECL method is adopted. For receivables, a simplified approach to measuring expected credit losses using a lifetime expected loss allowance is available.

Recognition of Financial Instruments

The Company initially recognizes financial assets on the date when they are originated. Financial liabilities are initially recognized on the trade date when the entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Initial Measurement of Financial Instruments

At initial recognition a financial asset or financial liability, except trade receivables, is initially measured at fair value, plus or minus, in the case of financial asset or financial liability not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to acquisition or issue of financial asset or financial liability.

3.4.1 Trade Receivables

Trade debts are carried at original invoice amount less an estimated amount for expected credit loss, if any. Balances considered bad and irrecoverable are written off when identified. A contract asset or trade receivable is impaired if the credit risk on that financial asset has increased significantly since the initial recognition. For trade receivables, a simplified approach under IFRS 9 to measure expected credit losses using a lifetime expected credit losses amount is used.

3.4.2 Trade and Other Payables

Liabilities for trade and other amounts payable are initially recognized at fair value, which is normally the transaction cost. Subsequently they are measured at amortized cost.

3.4.3 Borrowings

Financing and borrowings are initially recognized at fair value of the consideration received, net of transaction costs. They are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

3.4.5 Offsetting of Financial Instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the Financial statements only when the Company has a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and intends either to settle on a net basis or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously



3.5 Foreign Currencies Translation

These financial statements are presented in Pak Rupees, which is the Company's functional currency. All monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into Pak Rupees at the rates of exchange prevailing at the balance sheet date, while the transactions in foreign currency during the year are initially recorded in functional currency at the rates of exchange prevailing at the transaction date. All non monetary items are translated into Pak Rupee at exchange rates prevailing at the date of transaction or the date when fair values are determined. The Company charges all exchange differences to profit and loss account.

3.6 Taxation

The tax expense for the year comprises current and deferred tax, if any. Tax is recognized in the profit and loss account, except to the extent that it relates to items recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case the tax is also recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

Current

Current taxation is based on the taxable income for the year determined in accordance with the prevailing income tax law. The charge for current taxation is calculated using the tax rates or tax rates expected to apply to the profit for the year if enacted. The charge for current taxation also includes adjustments where considered necessary, to provision for taxation made in previous years arising from assessments framed during the year for such years.

Deferred

Deferred tax is recognized using balance sheet liability method, providing for all temporary differences between carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes. Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates that are expected to be applied to the temporary differences when they reverse, based on the laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

A deferred tax asset is recognized only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which temporary differences can be utilized. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realized.

3.7 Revenue from contracts with customers

The Company follows IFRS 15 for recognition of revenue from contracts with customers. The Standard provides a single five-step model for revenue recognition and establishes a comprehensive framework for recognition of revenue from contracts with customers based on a core principle that an entity should recognize revenue representing the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. The standard provides a contract-based revenue recognition model with a measurement approach that is based on an allocation of the transaction price. If the consideration promised in a contract includes a variable amount such as discounts, rebates and refunds, any potential bonuses receivable from the customer and any other contingent events, such estimates are determined using either the 'expected value' or 'most likely amount' method. The measurement of variable consideration is subject to a constraining principle whereby revenue will only be recognized to the extent that it is highly probable that a significant reversal in the amount of cumulative revenue recognized will not occur. The measurement constraint continues until the uncertainty associated with the variable consideration is subsequently resolved. Amounts received that are subject to the constraining principle are initially recognized as deferred revenue in the form of a separate refund liability. Credit risk is presented separately as an expense rather than adjusted against revenue. Customer acquisition costs and costs to fulfill a contract can, subject to certain criteria, be capitalized as an asset and amortized over the contract period.

3.7.1 Sale of Goods

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognized at the point in time when the customer obtains control of the goods, which is generally at the time of delivery to the customer in the case of domestic sales and shipment of goods in the case of exports.



4. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT for the year ended June 30, 2021

	COS	ST / REVALUATI	ON					
PARTICULARS	As At 01-07-20	Addition/ (Deletion)	As At 30-06-2021	Rate (%)	As At 01-07-20	For the Year	As At 30-06-21	W.D.V As At 30-06-21
	Rupees		Rupees		Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees
Land - Freehold	7,624,853	-	7,624,853	-	-	-	-	7,624,853
Factory Building (on lease hold)	15,697,192	-	15,697,192	10	15,170,174	52,702	15,222,876	474,316
Plant & Machinery	35,362,937	-	35,362,937	10	33,460,980	190,196	33,651,176	1,711,761
Air Conditioning Plant	9,212,616	-	9,212,616	10	8,737,694	47,492	8,785,186	427,430
Tools & Equipments	459,986	-	459,986	10	437,032	2,295	439,327	20,659
Furniture & Fixture	2,743,952	-	2,743,952	10	2,636,340	10,761	2,647,101	96,851
Office Equipment	397,803	-	397,803	10	371,142	2,666	373,808	23,995
Computers	1,484,872	-	1,484,872	20	1,364,708	12,016	1,376,724	108,148
Electric Fittings	13,494,122	-	13,494,122	10	12,497,285	99,684	12,596,969	897,153
Vehicles	3,641,836	-	3,641,836	10	3,627,482	2,871	3,630,353	11,483
Arms	187,258	-	187,258	10	181,150	611	181,761	5,497
	90,307,427	-	90,307,427		78,483,987	421,294	78,905,281	11,402,146

for the year ended June 30, 2020

	cos	T / REVALUATI	ON			DEPRECIATION		
PARTICULARS	As At 01-07-19	Addition/ (Deletion)	As At 30-06-2020	Rate (%)	As At 01-07-19	For the Year	As At 30-06-20	W.D.V As At 30-06-20
	Rupees		Rupees		Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees
Land - Freehold	7,624,853	-	7,624,853	-	-	-	-	7,624,853
Factory Building (on lease hold)	15,697,192	-	15,697,192	10	15,111,616	58,558	15,170,174	527,018
Plant & Machinery	35,362,937	-	35,362,937	10	33,249,651	211,329	33,460,980	1,901,957
Air Conditioning Plant	9,212,616	-	9,212,616	10	8,684,925	52,769	8,737,694	474,922
Tools & Equipments	459,986	-	459,986	10	434,481	2,551	437,032	22,954
Furniture & Fixture	2,743,952	-	2,743,952	10	2,624,383	11,957	2,636,340	107,612
Office Equipment	397,803	-	397,803	10	368,180	2,962	371,142	26,661
Computers	1,484,872	-	1,484,872	20	1,351,356	13,352	1,364,708	120,164
Electric Fittings	13,494,122	-	13,494,122	10	12,386,525	110,760	12,497,285	996,837
Vehicles	3,641,836	-	3,641,836	10	3,623,893	3,589	3,627,482	14,354
Arms	187,258	-	187,258	10	180,471	679	181,150	6,108
	90,307,427	-	90,307,427		78,015,481	468,506	78,483,987	11,823,440

Usage of immovable property

Particulars of immovable property (i.e. land and building) in the name of Company as follows:

Location

Plot Survey Nos. 15, 17 and 18 Ward-A, Government College Road, Near Phuleli Lake, Kali Mori, Hyderabad Sindh	Production facility		7139 sq.yds
Plot Survey Nos. 35, 36, 267, 373 and 453 Deh Nareja, Tapo Giddu Bandar, Latifabad Hyderabad, Sindh.	Open plot		10 Acres & 28 Ghuntas
Allocation of Depreciation:		2021 Rupees	2020 Rupees
Cost of Sales		0	0
Administrative Expenses		421,294	468,506
		421,294	468,506

Total Area



	30-06-2021	30-06-2020
	Rupees	Rupees
5. CAPITAL WORK IN PROCESS		
Building	4,584,175	0
Furniture & Fixture	21,015,767	0
Electric Fittings	2,728,400	0
_	28,328,342	0
This represents expenditure on renovation of building partially to be utilized as be company intends to rent out the same in future after completion. STORES, SPARES AND LOOSE TOOLS	anquet. The manag	gement of the
Stores	2,317,712	2,317,712
Spares and loose tools	8,466,020	8,466,020
·	10,783,732	10,783,732
Less: Provision for Obsolescence	(10,783,732)	(10,783,732)
	0	0
7. INVENTORIES		
Raw and Packing Material	21,405,269	21,405,269
Less: Provision for Obsolescence	(21,405,269)	(21,405,269)
	0	0
8. TRADE RECEIVABLES		
Foreign Debtors (Note No.8.1)	1,934,393	1,934,393
Foreign Debtors - Restrained by Court (Note No.8.2)	315,087,400	336,500,000
Domestic Debtors	28,436	28,436
	317,050,229	338,462,829
Less: Provisions for Expected Credit Losses (Note No.8.5)	(1,962,829)	(1,962,829)
_	315,087,400	336,500,000

- **8.1** This represents Company's unconditional right to receive consideration for the supply of goods under contract with customers
- 8.2 As stated in Note Nos. 1 and 2.3 foreign debtors with Russia were blocked due to delinkage of the same with Russian Federation. The Foreign Exchange Adjudication Court, Karachi vide its judgment order dated 31.03.2011 had linked the settlement of E Forms with the realization of export proceeds and claims of Pakistani Exporters from the Russian Federation Accounts in the name of Vinesheconombank with NBP. During the year 2013 the cases of realization of export proceeds were reopened and orders were issued by the Honorable Foreign Exchange Adjudication Court, State Bank of Pakistan, Banking Services Corporation for realization of export proceeds. The claim of the Company was settled for USD 3,200,000 and the Company received USD 1,200,000 during the year, but USD 2,000,000 (Rs.336,500,000) were blocked vide a restraining order by the High Court of Sindh, in consequence of a suit filed by a family member of the directors, claiming 33% share in the amount received, as explained in Note No.16. The amount of Rs.315,600,000 is considered good, as stated in Note No.16, hence no provision is made for expected credit loss

8.3	Foreign defaulting customers are as follows:	USD	Rupees
	Alpha Garment Inc. New York, USA	7,912	829,262
	Exe Jeans Czech Republic	10,545	1,105,131
		18,457	1,934,393
	The above customers are not related to the Company.		
8.4	The aging of trade receivables is as under:		
	up to 2 year and above	1,934,393	1,934,393
	up to 5 year and above	315,087,400	336,500,000
		317,021,793	338,434,393



			30-06-2021	30-06-2020
			Rupees	Rupees
	8.5	Provision for Expected Credit Losses		
		Opening Balance	1,962,829	296,282,037
		Less: Reversed during the year	0	(294,319,208)
			1,962,829	1,962,829
9.	ADV	ANCES, DEPOSITS AND PREPAYMENTS		
	Inco	ome Tax	1,194,767	1,122,865
	Adva	ances	66,200	11,900
	Sec	urity Deposits - Utilities	161,123	161,123
		5 11 6 5 1 10 191	1,422,090	1,295,888
	Less	: Provision for Expected Credit Losses	<u>(161,123)</u> 1,260,967	(161,123) 1,134,765
10.	ОТЫ	IER RECEIVABLES	1,200,967	1,134,705
10.			47.007.405	17 007 105
		ort Rebate Receivable s: Provision for Expected Credit Losses (Note No. 9.1)	17,027,195 (17,027,195)	17,027,195 (17,027,195)
	LCS	s. From soft for Expected Credit Losses (Note No. 9.1)	(17,027,193)	(17,027,193)
	10.1	Provision for Expected Credit Losses		
		Opening Balance	17,027,195	17,027,195
		Add: Provided during the year	0	0
	C4.C	UL AND DANK DALANCEC	17,027,195	17,027,195
11.		H AND BANK BALANCES		
		n in Hand	1,373	4,308
	Casn	n at Bank	4,014,905 4,016,278	30,030,257 30,034,565
			4,010,270	30,031,303
12.	SHA	RE CAPITAL		
	Auti	horized		
	5,00	0,000 (2020: 5,000,000) Shares of Rs. 10 each	50,000,000	50,000,000
	Issu	ied, Subscribed and Paid up		
	-	00 (2020 : 50,000) Ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each ed as fully paid in cash	500,000	500,000
		0,000 (2020 : 1,950,000) Ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each ed as fully paid bonus shares	19,500,000	19,500,000
	C	that Managament	20,000,000	20,000,000
	-	ital Management		
	of fin	main objective of the company, when managing capital is to maintain opti lance for its existing operations, to safeguard the company's ability to contir hareholders.		
13.	TRA	DE AND OTHER PAYABLES		
	Trac	de Creditors	781,143	1,498,539
		rued Expenses	1,999,196	1,577,363
		kers' Welfare Fund	152,448	152,448
	Oth	er Payable	1,978,986	1,978,986
			4,911,773	5,207,336



	_	30-06-2021 Rupees	30-06-2020 Rupees
14.	LOAN FROM DIRECTORS	20,601,914	15,757,012

This loan has been obtained from directors and their family members to meet routine expenditure and payment of liabilities including loans from banks. The loan is unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand.

15. PROVISION FOR TAXATION

Opening Balance	113,391	113,391
Charge for the year	0_	1,905,600
	113,391	2,018,991
Less: Advance Income Tax adjusted during the year	0	(1,905,600)
	113,391	113,391

16. CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS.

Family members of the directors of the Company, namely Farheen Alamgir and Sanobar Arif have filed suit against the Company on December 30, 2019, in the High Court of Sindh, Karachi, seeking set-aside of the Compromise Order dated 04.10.2019, whereby the Company has managed to receive stuck up trade receivables as mentioned in Note No.1 along with sea freight compensation, amounting to USD 3,200,000 and claiming 33% share in the said amount. The management of Company is vigorously pursuing the case and confident that the outcome of the case will be in favour of the Company. Therefore no liability has been provided against this claim.

During the year Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited has issued invoice of Rs. 785,275/- including Annual Listing Fee of Rs. 729,311/- and SECP Supervisory Fee of Rs. 55,966/- for the years from 2014-15 to 2020-21, based on increasing the share price of the company. The fact is that the company is on defaulters segment of the Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited, its shares have not being traded since long and no current price is available. Company have made provision calculated on previous basis, for Rs. 375,000/- against the said amount including Rs. 50,000/- per annum for seven years and Rs. 5,000/- per annum for five years towards Annual Listing Fee and SECP Supervisory Fee respectively. The management is of the opinion that the fee charged by the PSX is not payable hence no provision of Rs. 410,275/- is made.

17. ADMINISTRATION EXPENSES

Rent, rates and taxes	254,243	18,198,794
Fee and Subscription	375,000	54,000
Utilities	1,105,898	816,383
Depreciation	421,294	468,506
	2,156,435	19,537,683

18. REMUNERATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE, DIRECTORS AND OTHER EXECUTIVES

Remuneration and meeting fees have been foregone by the directors and the chief executive and no remuneration and perquisites were paid to the directors, chief executive and other executives.

19. OTHER INCOME

Sea Freight compensation	0	38,956,267
Reversal of Provision for Expected Credit Losses	0	294,319,208
Loan from bank written back - Allied Bank Limited	0	2,427,577
Mark up written back - Allied Bank Limited	0	132,380,182
	0	468,083,234



				30-06-2021 Rupees	30-06-2020 Rupees
20.	OTHER CHARGES		_		
	Auditors' remuneration				
	Annual Audit Fee			300,000	300,000
	Half Yearly Review		_	75,000	75,000
				375,000	375,000
	Loss on disposal of assets			0	0
	Workers' Welfare Fund			0	152,448
	Provision for Stock Obsolescence		L	0	6,134,237
				0	6,286,685
			_	375,000	6,661,685
21.	TAXATION		_		
	Prior Year's tax charge		=	0	1,905,600
	21.1 Deductible Temporary Differences, Unuse recognized.	ed Tax Loss and T	ax credit for which n	o deferred Tax asset	
		2021 Rupees	Expiry Date	2020 Rupees	Expiry Date
	<u>Deductible Temporary Differences</u>	Kupees	Date	Rupees	Date
	Provision for Expected Credit Losses	4,423,536	No Expiry	4,423,536	No Expiry
	Provision for Stores and Spares Obsolescence	8,158,130	No Expiry	8,158,130	No Expiry
	Trovision for Stores and Spares Obsolescence	12,581,666	_	12,581,666	,
	Unused Tax Losses		=		
				500 745	20.05.2022
	Trading Loss - 2016	500,715	30.06.2022	500,715	30.06.2022
	Trading Loss - 2017	571,377 611,847	30.06.2023 30.06.2024	571,377 611,847	30.06.2023 30.06.2024
	Trading Loss - 2018 Trading Loss - 2019	1,016,682	30.06.2024	1,016,682	30.06.2024
	Unabsorbed Depreciation	17,094,734	No Expiry	17,094,734	No Expiry
	- Chabsorbed Depreciation	19,795,355	- То Ехри у	19,795,355	NO EXPILY
22.	EARNINGS / (LOSS) PER SHARE		=	207.007.00	
22.			_	(22.046.074)	622 204 044
	Net (Loss)/Profit for the year		=	(23,946,976)	633,284,914
	Number of shares outstanding during the year Basic (Loss) / Earning per share		=	2,000,000 (11.97)	2,000,000 316.64
			=	(11.97)	310.04
	There is no dilutive effect on the basis loss per sh	nare of the Compa	any.		
23.	FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGO	RY		ı	
			Amortized Cost	FVTPL	Total
	As at June 30, 2021			Rupees	
	Financial Assets		247 562 020		247 562 020
	Trade Receivables		317,562,829	-	317,562,829
	Advances and Deposits Other Receivables		227,323 17,027,195	-	227,323 17,027,195
	Cash and Bank Balances		4,016,278	_	4,016,278
	Cash and bank balances		338,833,625		338,833,625
	Financial Liabilities		 =		· · ·
	Trade and Other Payables		4,911,773	-	4,911,773
	Loan from Directors		20,601,914		20,601,914
			25,513,687	-	25,513,687



		30-06-2021 Rupees	30-06-2020 Rupees
As at June 30, 2020 Financial Assets			
Trade Receivables	338,462,829	-	338,462,829
Advances and Deposits	173,023	-	173,023
Other Receivables	17,027,195		17,027,195
Cash and Bank Balances	30,034,565	-	30,034,565
	385,697,612	-	385,697,612
Financial Liabilities			
Trade and Other Payables	5,207,336	-	5,207,336
Loan from Directors	15,757,012	-	15,757,012
	20,964,348	-	20,964,348

24. FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

Fair value is an amount for which an asset could be exchanged, or a liability settled, between knowledgeable and willing parties in an arms' length transaction. Consequently, differences may arise between the carrying values and the fair value estimates. Underlying the definition of fair value is the presumption that the company is a going concern without any intention or requirement to curtail materially the scale of its operations or to undertake a transaction on adverse terms.

27.1 Fair Value Hierarchy

Judgments and estimates are made in determining the fair values of the financial instruments that are recognized and measured at fair value in the financial statements. To provide an indication about the reliability of the inputs used in determining fair value, the financial instruments are classified into the following three levels:

- **Level-1** fair value measurements are those inputs derived from unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets and liabilities.
- **Level-2** fair value measurements are those inputs determined using valuation techniques which maximize the use observable market data and rely as little as possible on entity-specific estimates. If all significant inputs required to determine fair value of an instrument are observable, the instrument is included in Level 2. Examples are:
 - Adjusted quoted active market prices
 - * Quoted price for a similar asset in an active market
 - There are no significant unobservable inputs
- **Level-3** fair value measurements are those inputs derived from valuation techniques that include inputs which are not based on observable market data. Examples are:
 - Discounted cash flows
 - Depreciated replacement cost

Financial assets and liabilities are not measured at fair value because the carrying value of all financial assets and liabilities approximate their fair value.

25. FINANCIAL RISK EXPOSURE AND RISK MANAGEMENT

25.1 Credit Risk

Credit risk represents the accounting loss that would be recognized if counter parties fail completely to perform as contracted.

Exposure to Credit Risk

The company is exposed to credit risk on the following financial assets. The carrying amount of these financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure at the reporting date, which is detailed as follows:

Trade Receivables	317,562,829	338,462,829
Advances and Deposits	66,200	11,900
Other Receivables	17,027,195	17,027,195
Cash and Bank Balances	4,014,905	30,030,257
	338,671,129	385,532,181



30-06-2021 30-06-2020 **Rupees** Rupees

Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk arises from exposure to a single debtor, or when a number of counter parties are engaged in similar business activities or have similar economic features that would cause the ability to meet contractual obligations to be similarly affected by changes in economic, political or other conditions. The company is exposed to a concentration of credit risk on trade receivables.

Quality of Financial Assets

Trade receivables are due vide High Court's Orders. Cash at bank is with banks of repute enjoying good credit rating.

Credit Risk Management

The company attempts to control credit risk by monitoring credit exposures and continually assessing the credit worthiness of counter parties, reviewing clients' financial position, considering past experience and other factors.

25.2 Market Risk

Market risk means that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises three types of risks: price risk, interest rate risk and foreign currency risk.

25.2.1 Price Risk

The Company is not exposed to market price risk.

^{25.2.2} Foreign Currency Risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the value of a financial asset or a liability will fluctuate due to a change in foreign exchange rate. It arises mainly where receivables and payables exist due to transactions entered into foreign currencies. The company's revenue streams include amounts in foreign currencies, hence it can experience adverse or beneficial effects arising from foreign exchange rate movements.

The following shows sensitivity of financial liabilities and expenses to a reasonable possible change in the foreign exchange rate:

	Profit ar	Profit and (Loss)	
	1% Increase	1% Decrease	
	Rupees	Rupees	
As at June 30, 2021	3,156,000	3,156,000	
Cash Flow Sensitivity - Foreign Debtors			
As at June 30, 2020			
Cash Flow Sensitivity - Foreign Debtors	3,365,000	3,365,000	

25.3 **Liquidity Risk**

Liquidity risk is the risk that an enterprise will encounter difficulty in raising funds to meet commitments associated with financial instruments. The company believes that it is not exposed to any significant level of liquidity risk, as support is available from the directors and associated undertakings. Following are the contractual maturities of financial liabilities:

		Remaining co	ontractual Maturities				
	Payable on	Payable within a	Payable after one year	Total			
	Demand	year	1,1111111111111111111111111111111111111				
		Rupees					
Non-Derivative Financial Liabilities	as at June 30, 2021						
Trade and Other Payables	-	4,911,773	-	4,911,773			
Loan from Directors	20,601,914	-	-	20,601,914			
	20,601,914	4,911,773	-	25,513,687			
Non-Derivative Financial Liabilities	as at June 30, 2020						
Trade and Other Payables	-	5,207,336	-	5,207,336			
Loan from Directors	15,757,012	-	-	15,757,012			
	15,757,012	5,207,336	-	20,964,348			



30-06-2021 30-06-2020 **Rupees** Rupees

26. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Related parties comprise of group companies (associates), directors, major shareholders, their close family members and key management personnel. Transactions with related parties during the year, other than and including those which have been disclosed elsewhere in these financial statements, are given below:

Name of Related Party	Nature of Transaction		
Rauf Alam - Director	Loan received / (Repaid)	20,186,327	(30,684,447)
Saeed Alam - Director	Loan received / (Repaid)	2,575	(50,204,988)
Faraz Alam - Director	Loan received / (Repaid)	15,344,000	-
Finishers Ltd - Under Common Management	Loan received / (Repaid)		(2,013,642)
FIGURES			
Figures have been rounded off to the neare	st rupee.		
NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES			
Total employees of the Company at year en	d	-	-
Average employees of the Company during	the year		-

29. PLANT CAPACITY AND PRODUCTION

Due to the nature of Company's business, production capacity of the plant is not determinable.

The reason for non-production is blockage of funds with Russia that rendered the Company in to the financial distress, as explained in Note Nos. 1 and 2.3.

30. DATE OF AUTHORIZATION

27.

28.

These financial statements were authorized for issue on **September 23, 2021** by the Board of Directors of the Company.

RAUF ALAM
Chief Executive

Dated: September 23, 2021

SAEED ALAM

Director

MUHAMMAD ISMAIL

Chief Financial Officer



Pattern of holding of the shares held by the shareholders of Fateh Sports Wear Limited as at 30th June, 2021

NO. OF SHAREHOLDERS		SHAREHOLDI	NG		TOTAL SHARES HELD
41	From	1	To	100	2,859
46	From	101	То	500	13,654
12	From	501	То	1,000	9,922
8	From	1,001	То	5,000	15,819
4	From	5,001	То	10,000	26,840
3	From	10,001	То	15,000	36,710
1	From	15,001	То	20,000	15,175
1	From	20,001	То	25,000	23,003
1	From	35,001	То	40,000	38,340
1	From	45,001	То	50,000	45,300
1	From	50,001	То	55,000	53,270
1	From	150,001	То	155,000	151,047
1	From	210,001	То	215,000	210,025
1	From	225,001	То	230,000	225,175
1	From	265,001	То	270,000	266,715
1	From	270,001	То	275,000	274,950
1	From	290,001	То	295,000	294,261
1	From	295,001	То	300,000	296,935
126			тс	TAL	2,000,000

S. NO.	CATEGORIES OF SHAREHOLDERS	NUMBERS	TOTAL SHARES HELD	PERCENTAGE
	Individuals	116	1,903,530	95.18%
ı. 2	Mutual Fund	110	1,903,530 45,300	
2.		1	•	2.27%
3.	Joint Stock Companies	2	5,905	0.30%
4.	Financial Institutions	3	32,800	1.64%
5.	Investment Company	3	12,380	0.62%
6.	Others	1	85	0.00%
	TOTAL	126	2,000,000	100.00%



CATEGORIES OF SHAREHOLDERS

S.No.	Name	No. of Shares	%
1.	Associated Companies	Nil	
2.	NIT / ICP (Name wise details)		
	CDC Trustee - National Investment (Unit) Trust Investment Corporation of Pakistan National Bank of Pakistan - Trustee Department	45,300 680 5,200	
	National Bank of Fakistan - Trustee Department	Total > 51,180	2.56%
3.	Directors, CEO their spouses and minor children		
	Mr. Rauf Alam Mr. Aftab Alam Mr. Saeed Alam Mr. Faraz Alam Mr. Ashhar Alam Mr. Jamal Alam Mr. Aneek Alam Mrs. Seema Rauf Mrs. Shabana Aftab Mrs. Rana Saeed Mr. Anhar Alam	266,715 296,935 274,950 38,340 15,175 14,610 11,050 210,025 225,175 294,261 11,050	82.91%
4.	Executive	Nil	
5.	Public Sector Companies & Corporation	Nil	
6.	Banks,DFIs, NBFIs, Modarbas, Insurance Companies Mutual Funds & Others		
	National Bank of Pakistan The Bank of Punjab Pakistan Industrial Credit & Investment Corporation Fateh Mohammad Akber Fateh Textile Mills Limited Abandoned Properties	23,100 9,700 6,500 5,440 465 85 Total > 45,290	2.26%



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Form of Proxy

I/We			of	
being a member	(s) of Fateh Sports Wear	r Limited and holder o	f	Ordinary
Shares hereby ap	point Mr. / Mrs. / Miss		of	01
failing him / her		of	as my / our proxy	y in my
our absence to at	ttend and vote for me / us	on my / our behalf at th	e 38 th Annual General	l Meeting
to be held on Th	ursday October 28, 2021	at 09:00 a.m. and / or a	any adjournment ther	eof.
	of I/We have signed and se2021 in presence ofday of		ereon this	day of
Folio No.	CDC Acc Participatne I.D.		Signature Revenue S	
			The Signature agree with specimen reg with the Cor	n the gistered

Important:

- 1. This Proxy Form, duly completed and signed, must be deposited at the registered office of the Company not less than 48 hours before the time of holding the meeting. A proxy must be a member of the Company.
- 2. If a member appoints more than one proxy and more than one instrument of proxies are deposited by a member with the Company, all such instruments of proxy shall be rendered invalid.
- 3. For CDC Account holders / Corporate Entities

In addition to the above the following requirements have to be met:

- Attested copies of CNIC or the passport of the beneficial owners and the proxy shall be provided with the proxy form.
- The proxy shall produce his/her original CNIC or original passport at the time of the meeting.
- In case of corporate entity, the Board of Directors' resolution / power of attorney with specimen signature shall be submitted alongwith proxy form to the company.



Dear Member

Replacement of physical shares with book-entry form

Respected Shareholder,

We would like to inform you that as per the requirement of Section 72 of the Companies Act, 2017 ("**the Act**"), companies are required to convert shares issued in physical form with the shares in book-entry form (electronic form or CDC), within a period not exceeding four years from the date of the promulgation of the Act. The four-year period ended on 31st May 2021. The Securities & Exchange Commission of Pakistan ("**SECP**") vide its letter dated 26th March 2021, has advised all listed companies, having physical shares to pursue with their such shareholders who still hold shares in physical form, requiring conversion of their shares in the book-entry form.

It may be noted that maintaining shares in book-entry form has many advantages, including safe custody of shares with the CDC, unlike physical share certificates there is no risk of loss, instant credit of bonus/right shares. Whereas, the physical share certificates are not saleable through stock exchange and cannot be pledged, if required.

Accordingly, all shareholders who held their shares in physical form are hereby requested to proceed with the conversion of their physical share certificates into scrip less book-entry form at their earliest.

The scrip less book-entry shares are kept in electronic accounts maintained by the Central Depository Company Limited ("CDC"). The CDS Account can be opened and maintained by any CDC Participant (i.e. Stock Brokers) or by CDC Investor Account Services ("CDC-IAS"). You may contact any Stock Broker or CDC-IAS (Toll Free Tel. 0800-23275, email: info@cdcpak.com)in this regard. If you have any query or require any guidance, you may also contact the Company's Share Registrar M/s. F.D. Registrar Services (Pvt.) Ltd. (Room No. 1705, 17th Floor, Saima Trade Tower "A", I.I. Chundrigar Road, Karachi-74000 Phone: (92-21) 32271905-6, email: fdregistrar@yahoo.com.

Regards,

Company Secretary