

# FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 2025





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# **Notice of Annual General Meeting**

Notice is hereby given to the Members that the 42<sup>nd</sup> Annual General Meeting of **FATEH SPORTS WEAR LIMITED** will be held on **Monday October 27, 2025 at 9:00 a.m.** at the Registered Office of the Company at Mirpurkhas Road, Hyderabad to transact the following business:-

- 1. To confirm the minutes of the last Annual General Meeting held on 28<sup>th</sup> October , 2024.
- 2. To receive, consider and adopt the Audited Financial Statements of the Company for the year ended June 30, 2025, together with the Directors' and Auditors' Reports thereon.
- 3. To appoint Auditors and fix their remuneration for the year ending June 30, 2026.
- 4. To transact any other business with the permission of the Chair.

By order of the Board for Fateh Sports Wear Limited

Hyderabad: October 6, 2025

**Ghous Muhammad Khan** 

Company Secretary

#### **NOTES:**

- 1. The share transfer books of the Company will remain closed from 21<sup>st</sup> to 27<sup>th</sup> October, 2025 (both days inclusive).
- 2. Any member of the Company who is entitled to attend and vote may appoint any other member of the Company as his/her Proxy to attend and vote in his/her stead.
- 3. Proxies in order to be effective must be received at the Registered Office of the Company not later than 48 hours before the time of holding the meeting.
- 4. The shareholders who are interested to attend AGM through video conference, are hereby requested to get themselves registered with the Company's Head Office by providing their CNIC Number, Folio/CDC Account Number, Cell number and email ID for identification at the earliest but not later than 24 hours before the timing of AGM.
- 5. Members who wish to receive annual accounts via email are requested to submit the consent form available at Company's website duly filled in alongiwth copy of her/his CNIC and any change in their address by writing to Registrar of the Company.
- 6. CDC account holders will further have to follow the guideline as laid down in Circular No.1 dated January 26, 2000 issued by the Securities & Exchange Commission of Pakistan.



# **Company Profile**

#### **CHAIRMAN**

Mr. Aftab Alam

#### **CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER**

Mr. Rauf Alam

#### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

Mr. Rauf Alam

Mr. Aftab Alam

Mr. Saeed Alam

Mr. Faraz Alam

Mr. Ashhar Alam

Mr. Jamal Alam

Mrs. Shabana Aftab

#### **COMPANY SECRETARY**

Mr. Ghous Muhammad Khan

#### **CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER**

Mr. Muhammad Ismail

#### **AUDIT COMMITTEE**

Mr. Aftab Alam

Mr. Ashhar Alam

Mr. Faraz Alam

#### **HR&R COMMITTEE**

Mr. Faraz Alam

Mr. Ashhar Alam

Mr. Jamal Alam

#### **EXTERNAL AUDITORS**

#### M/s. Clarkson Hyde Saud Ansari

Office#1501,15<sup>th</sup> Floor, Ceasars Tower,

ST-10, Shahra-e-Faisal, Karachi.

#### SHARE REGISTRAR

M/s. F.D. Registrar Services (Pvt) Ltd. Office#1705, Saima Trade Tower-A, Karachi.

#### **BANKERS**

Askari Bank Limited Bank AL-Habib Limited Habib Bank Limited National Bank of Pakistan

#### **REGISTERED OFFICE**

Plot # 442, Mirpurkhas Road, Hyderabad. Tel: (92-22) 3886263-67

Fax: (92-22) 3886268 Email: fswl@fateh1.com Web: www.fatehsports.com



# **Chairman's Review Report**

On Board's overall performance u/s 192 of the Companies Act-2017

I have to present a report on the overall performance of the Board of Directors and effectiveness of the role played by the board in achieving the company's objectives during the financial year ended June 30, 2025.

The board of directors is responsible for the management of the company, which formulates all significant policies and strategies. The board is governed by relevant laws & regulations and its obligation, rights, responsibilities and duties are as specified and prescribed therein. The Board of Directors comprises of individuals with diversified knowledge who Endeavour to contribute towards the aim of the Company with the best of their abilities.

An annual self evaluation of the Board of Directors of the Company is carried out. The purpose of this evaluation is to ensure that the Board's overall performance and effectiveness is measured and benchmarked against expectations in the context of objectives set for the Company.

Board's overall performance and effectiveness has been assessed as Satisfactory. Board complies with the requirements, set out in the Companies Act-2017 and the Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance Regulations, 2019) with respect to the composition, procedures and meetings of the Board of Directors and its committees.

The Board of Directors of your Company received agendas and supporting written material including follow up materials in sufficient time prior to the board and its committee meetings. The board meets frequently enough to adequately discharge its responsibilities. All the directors (executive/non-executive) are equally involved in important decisions.

The Board shall continue to play a vital role in setting the direction of the Company and promoting its success. I would like to thank the management and the esteemed shareholders for reposing confidence in the Company and its Board of Directors.

**AFTAB ALAM** 

Chairman

Hyderabad: September 29, 2025



# **Directors' Report**

The Board of Directors presents their report and financial statements of the Company alongwith Auditors' Reports thereon for the year ended June 30, 2025.

Due to suspension of production activities, there were no sales recorded in the books of account during the financial year. However, Company incurred Operating Loss of Rs.3.03 million in respect of Depreciation, Utilities and taxes. Company earned profit of Rs.10.60 million in respect of Foreign Exchange rate difference on stuck up amount of US\$:2.00 million. After Financial and Other Charges of Rs.0.54 million, Company earned profit before taxation of Rs.7.03 Million. Net Profit carried forward to Balance Sheet is Rs. 7.03 million. Earnings per share for the period are Rs. 3.51. In consequence of restraining order of Honorable High Court of Sindh, Company's US\$:2.000 Million are stuck up for which Management of the Company is pursuing the case for releasing the amount. The Management and the legal counsel of the Company are confident about the positive outcome of cases. Once the amount would be released, business plan will be developed and all the matters will be settled accordingly.

#### **Gender pay Gap:**

As the company remained non-operational throughout the reporting period and employed no staff, the gender pay gap analysis is not applicable for the year under review. The company's management remains committed to fostering an inclusive work environment and will continue to uphold equal opportunity principles in all future hiring and operational endeavors.

#### Dividend:

Considering the cash flow situation and suspension of business operations, directors have not recommended any dividend for the year.

#### **Future Outlook:**

The economic landscape presented new challenges including slowdown of economic activities resulting high inflation rate in local market where the price of essential items are rising on daily basis. The Board will continue its efforts to restart the business activities soon after receipt of stuck up funds. Given all these challenges your Company remains focused on minimizing the negative impacts.

#### **Principal Risks and Uncertainty:**

The Company is exposed to certain inherent risks and uncertainties. However, we consider and work with internal and external stakeholders to mitigate the impacts of risk.

#### **Material Changes affecting Financial Position:**

No material changes and commitments affecting the financial position of the Company have occurred between the end of the financial year to which these financial statements relate and the date of directors' report.

#### **Corporate Social Responsibility:**

The Management of the Company is well known of its corporate and social responsibility and will encourage social welfare project in future.

#### **Compliance with Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations-2019:**

The requirements of Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations-2019, relevant for the year ended **June 30, 2025** have been duly complied with, except for those disclosed in statement of compliance with Listed Companies (CCG) Regulations. The Directors confirm the compliance of Regulations for Corporate Governance, statement to this effect is annexed.

#### **Statement on Corporate and Financial Reporting Framework:**

- The financial statements, prepared by the management of the Company, presents fairly its state of affairs, cash flows and changes in equity;
- Proper books of accounts have been maintained by the Company;
- Appropriate accounting policies have been consistently applied in preparation of financial statements and accounting estimates are based on reasonable and prudent judgment;



- The International Accounting Standards, as applicable in Pakistan, have been followed in preparation of financial statements and any departure there from has been adequately disclosed;
- The System on internal control is sound in design;
- > There are no significant doubts upon the company's ability to continue as a going concern;
- There has been no material departure from the best practices of corporate governance, as detailed in the listing regulations;

Operating and financial data for the last six years is as under;

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	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
Sales	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gross Profit / (Loss)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Selling & Administration Expenses	1,177	19,538	2,156	1,799	3,518	2,788	3,030
Profit/(Loss) before Taxation	(18,745)	635,191	(23,947)	93,839	158,204	19,905	7,028
Profit/(Loss) after Taxation	(18,745)	633,285	(23,947)	93,839	158,204	19,905	7,028
Authorized Capital	50,000	50,000	50,000	50,000	50,000	50,000	50,000
Paid up Capital	20,000	20,000	20,000	20,000	20,000	20,000	20,000
Shareholder's equity	(274,870)	358,415	334,468	428,307	586,511	566,606	573,635
Fixed Assets	12,292	11,823	11,402	11,023	10,683	10,376	10,100
Total Assets	19,579	379,493	360,095	454,372	615,400	598,650	609,230

No trading of shares have been carried out by the Chief Executive, Directors, Chief Financial Officer, Company Secretary, their spouses and minor children;

During the financial year four (04) meetings of the Board of Directors were held. The attendance of each Director is as follows:

S.NO.	NAME OF DIRECTOR	MEETING ATTENDED
1.	Mr. Rauf Alam	04
2.	Mr. Aftab Alam	04
3.	Mr. Saeed Alam	04
4.	Mr. Faraz Alam	04
5.	Mr. Ashhar Alam	04
6.	Mr. Jamal Alam	03
7.	Mrs. Shabana Aftab	01

Pattern of Shareholding required under section 227 of the Companies Act-2017 is annexed; Outstanding taxes and levies are given in the relevant notes to the audited financial statements; and

#### **Auditors' Observation:**

Revaluation of fixed assets is under process and will be reflected in upcoming financial statements. The company has sent the letters for balance confirmation and subsequently reminders to its creditors hence no reply has been received from their end. In the financial year 2021, directors spend amount from their own resources to renovate the factory building with this expectation that it will be rented out as soon as the work is completed but the work was stopped due to lack of financial resources.

#### **Auditors:**

The present Auditors **M/s.** Clarkson Hyde Saud Ansari, Chartered Accountants will retire at the conclusion of the Annual General Meeting. The retiring auditors M/s Clarkson Hyde Saud Ansari, Chartered Accountants offered themselves for reappointment. The Audit Committee and Board of Directors have recommended their reappointment as External Auditors of the Company for the year ending June 30, 2026.

Place: HyderabadRAUF ALAMSAEED ALAMDated: September 29, 2025Chief ExecutiveDirector



# ڈائر یکٹرزر بورٹ

## برائے اختیا می سال 30 جون 2025 بخ اسور کن دیر کینئ

سمین کے بورڈ آن ڈائر کیٹرز آ کیے سامنے 30 جون 2025 کو اختتا مہونے والے مالی سال کے لیئے آڈٹ شدہ حسابات بشمول آڈیٹرزر پورٹ پیش کررہے ہیں۔
پیداواری سرگرمیاں معطل ہونے کی وجہ ہے مالی سال کے دوران کمپنی کے کھا توں میں سمی قشم کی فروخت ریکارڈ شہیں کی ٹی تاہم سالانہ اٹا توں کی فرسودگی، بلزاور فیکسس کی مد میں 3.03 ملین روپے کا ابتدائی نقصان ریکارڈ کیا گیا جبکہ کمپنی نے روکے گئے 2.00 ملین ڈالر پر 10.60 ملین روپے فارن ایکھینے کی شرح تبادلہ پرمنافع کی مد میں ریکارڈ کیا ۔ مدھ ہائی کورٹ کے تعمل افزیکس منافع 7.03 ملین روپے رہا جو کہ بلین کی مالی اوردیگر اوائیکیوں کے بعد قبل ازئیکس منافع 7.03 ملین روپے رہا جو کہ بلین کی مالی اوردیگر اوائیکیوں کے بعد قبل ازئیکس منافع کی وجہ سے رہو کے 2000 ملین ڈالرز کی وصولی کے لئے کمپنی کی انتظامیہ میالی بیادی منافع کی وجہ سے رہو کے واری ہوتے ہی کمپنی کی انتظامیہ کاروباری منصوبہ تیار کیس کی مسلس پیروی کر ہی ہے کہنی کی انتظامیہ کاروباری منصوبہ تیار کے مارے میں پراعتاد ہیں۔ رقم جاری ہوتے ہی کمپنی کی انتظامیہ کاروباری منصوبہ تیار کے گل کوروا کی مطابق تمام معاملات طے کر گئے جا کمیں گے۔

صنفی تخواہوں کا فرق: چونکہ رپورنگ کی پوری مدت میں غیر فعال رہی اوراس نے کوئی علمہ نہیں رکھا جس کی وجہ سے صنفی تخواہوں کے فرق کا حساب کتاب زیر نظر مالی سال پر لا گوئییں ہوتا تاہم کمپنی کی انتظامیاں بات کویقی بنانے پر پوری طرح پر عزم ہے کہ متعقبل کی تمام بھر تیوں اور آپریشنل طریقوں میں ساوی مواقع کے اصول شامل ہوں۔

و لویڈ نیڈ کیش فلوک صورتحال اور کا روباری کا روائیوں کی معظلی کو مدنظر رکھتے ہوئے بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرزنے اس مالی سال کے لئے کسی ڈیو ٹیڈ ٹی سفارٹ نہیں گی ہے۔

معقبل کا آؤٹ لک: معاشی منظر نامے نے نے چیلنجز پیش کے جن میں معاشی سرگرمیوں کی ست روی کے نتیج میں مقامی مارکیٹ میں مہنگائی کی بلند شرح جہاں ضروری اشیاء کی قبتیں روزانہ کی بنیاد پر بڑھ رہی ہیں۔ بورڈ مجھنے ہوئے 200 ملین امر کی ڈالر کی وصولی کے بعد جلد ہی کا روباری سرگرمیاں دوبارہ شروع کرنے کے لیئے آئی کوششیں جاری رکھے گا۔ ان تمام چیلنجوں کے پیش نظر آئی کی کہنی کی توجہ انظم اور کا موجہ کی کی اور کی مرکز درہتی ہے۔

بنیادی خطرات اور غیریقینی صور تحال: کمپنی بعض موروثی خطرات اور غیریقینی صور تحال سے دو چار ہے۔ تا ہم ، ہم خطرے کے اثرات کو کم کرنے کے لئے اندرونی اور بیرونی اسٹیک ہولڈرز پرغور کرتے ہیں اورا کئے ساتھ کام کرتے ہیں۔

مالیاتی پوزیش کومتا ٹر کرنے والی ادی تبدیلیاں: مالی سال کے اختیام جس سے یہ الیاتی بیانات متعلقہ ہیں اور ڈائر یکٹرز کی رپورٹ کی تاریخ کے درمیان کمپنی کی مالی پوزیش کومتاثر کرنے والی کوئی مادی تند ملی اور وعد نے ہیں ہوئے ہیں۔

کارپوریت ای ذمدداری: کمپنی کی انظامیدا پی کارپوریت اور ای ذمدداری سے اچھی طرح واقف ہے اور متقبل میں ساجی بہود کے منصوب کی حوصلدافزائی کرے گا۔ نظم وضیط کا اشینمنٹ اور مالیاتی رپورٹنگ کا فریم ورک 2019:

اختا می سال جون 2025 کے لئے لیکھینز کے کو ڈاف کار پوریٹ گورنس ریگولیشن 2019 پڑ ملدرآ مدکیا ہے سوائے ان شقوں کے جو کہ اشینمنٹ آف کم پلائنس میں ظاہر کردی گی ہیں۔ ڈائر یکٹرز کی جانب سے اشینمنٹ آف کم پلائنس کی تصدیق اس رپورٹ کے ساتھ مسلک ہے۔

# کارپوریٹ اور فانشل رپورٹنگ فریم ورک کےاصول درج ذیل ہیں۔

کمپنی کی انظامید کی جانب سے تیار کردومالیاتی گوشوار ہے کمپنی کے حالات ،اس کے کاروباری نتائج ،نفتر قم کی ترسل اور قصص میں ردوبدل کی شفاف ع کاس کرتے ہیں۔ کمپنی کے کھاتے مناسب طریقے سے تیار کئے جاتے ہیں۔

> مناسب محاسی پالیسی کے تسلسل کو مالیاتی گوشوارے کی تیاری میں لا گوکیا گیا ہے۔ محاسی کے اندازے ماہرا نداور محتاظ فیصلوں پر بنی ہوتے ہیں۔ مالیاتی گوشوارے کی تیاری میں بین الاقوامی مالیاتی رپورٹنگ معیارات، جو کہ پاکستان میں نافذ العمل ہیں،ان کی بیروی کی گئی ہے۔ اندرونی کنٹرول کے نظام منظم ہیں اورائے موکڑ طریقے ہے عملدر آمداور گرانی کی جاتی ہے۔ آنے والے سالوں میں کمپنی کے کاروباری تسلسل پر سمی ہتم کے شکوک و شہبات نہیں ہیں۔



نظم وضبط كي حوال ي كونى مجى موادقانون كي خلاف نيس بجس كي تفسيلات است ميس وي من ب

مر شتہ چیسالوں کے لئے تمہنی کے اہم اموراور مالیاتی تفصیلات مسلک ہیں۔

سمی بھی ڈائر یکٹرز ہی ایف او کمپنی سکریٹری، ان کی بگیات و بچوں نے اس سال کے دوران کمپنی کے طبیر زمیں کوئی تجارت شیس کی ہے جس کا اعداج شیئر ہولذگ کے طریقہ کارمیں پہلے بی درج کردیا گیا ہے۔ دوران سال پورڈ آف ڈائر یکٹرز کی چارمیٹنگز منعقد ہو چکی ہیں۔ان میٹنگز میں درج ذیل ڈائر یکٹرز نے شرکت کی ہے۔

مینگزیمی اثر کنت کرنے کی تعدا 4 4 4 4	(الزيمشرزكة)		
4	جناب دؤف عالم		
4	جناب آفآب عالم		
4	جناب سعيدعا كم		
4	جناب فرازعالم		
4	جناب اشبرعالم		
3	جناب جمال عالم		
1	محترمه شائدآ تآب		

کمپنی کے شیر بولڈ نگ کا طریقہ کار 30 جون 2025 کی رپورٹ کے ساتھ مسلک ہے۔ مالیاتی اسٹینٹ میں درخ کئے گئے نیکس کے علاوہ کمپنی پراورکوئی نیکس واجب الاوانیس ہے۔ اس رپورٹ کی تشمیر تک ایک کوئی تبدیلی واقع نیس ہوئی جو کہ اس رپورٹ کی مالیاتی حثیث کوتبدیل کردے۔

کمپنیزا کمٹ کے پیشن 224 کے مطابق پیرن آف هیر ہولذگ اس مالیاتی رپورٹ کے ساتھ مسلک ہے۔ بقایا فیکس اور لیوی سے متعلق نوٹس اس آڈٹ شدومالیاتی اشیشنٹ میں درج کئے گئے ہیں اس رپورٹ کی شیر تک ایس کوئی تبدیلی واقع نہیں ہوئی جو کہ اس رپورٹ کی مالیاتی حیثیت کوتبدیل کردے۔

## آ دیرز کا مثابه:

فکسڈ اٹائوں کی دوبار دھنجیس کاعمل جاری ہے جسکی عکائی آنے والے مائی گوشواروں میں ہوجائیگی کی طرف سے تمام قرض و بندگان کو بقایاجات کی تعدیق کے لئے خطوط ارسال کئے گئے ہیں تاہم کمی کی جانب سے تعدیق جواب موصول نہیں ہوا۔ مائی سال 2021 میں کمپنی کی اسمال کئے گئے ہیں تاہم کمی کی جانب سے تعدیق جواب موصول نہیں ہوا۔ مائی سال 2021 میں کمپنی کی اس امید کے ساتھ کہ کا کم کمسل ہوتے ہی اسے کرائے پردے دیاجائے گروسائل کی کی کے باعث کام روک دیا ہے۔ ممالے کہ کام کا کم کمسل ہوتے ہی اسے کرائے پردے دیاجائے گروسائل کی کی کے باعث کام روک دیا ہے۔

# آۋيرزى تقررى:

موجودہ آڈیٹرزمیسرز کارکسن ہائیڈسعودانصاری ،چارٹرڈاکاؤنمنٹس سالا ضاجلاس عام کے اختتام کے فوری بعدسبکدوش بوجا کمی گے۔سبکدوش بونے والے آؤیٹرز میسرز کلارکسن ہائیڈسعودانصاری چارٹرڈاکاؤنمنٹس نےخودکودوہارہ تقرری کے لئے پیش کیا ہے۔ آؤٹ کمیٹی اور بعدازاں بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرزنے میسرز کارکسن ہائیڈ سعودانصاری چارٹرڈاکاؤنمنٹس کو 30 جون 2026 کوفتم ہونے والے الی سال کے لئے دوبارہ تقرری کی سفارش کی ہے۔

حيداً إن 29 عبر 2025 رقف عالم معيد عالم عبداً يزيخ



# Statement of Compliance with Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019

Name of Company: Fateh Sports Wear Limited

Year ending: **30th June, 2025** 

The Company has complied with the requirements of with Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019 (the Regulations) in the following manner:

1. The Total number of directors are seven (07) as per the following:

a) Male: 06 b) Female: 01

2. The composition of board is as follows:

Categories		Quantity	Name
a)	Independent Directors	-	
b)	Other Non-executive Directors		Mr. Aftab Alam, Mr. Faraz Alam, Mr. Ashhar Alam, Mr. Jamal Alam & Mrs. Shabana Aftab
c)	Executive Directors	02	Mr. Rauf Alam & Mr. Saeed Alam

- 3. The directors have confirmed that none of them is serving as a director on more than seven listed companies, including this company.
- 4. The company has prepared a Code of Conduct and has ensured that appropriate steps have been taken to disseminate it throughout the company along with its supporting policies and procedures.
- 5. The board has developed a vision/mission statement, overall corporate strategy and significant policies of the company. A complete record of particulars of significant policies along with the dates on which they were approved or amended has been maintained
- 6. All the powers of the board have been duly exercised and decisions on relevant matters have been taken by board/ shareholders as empowered by the relevant provisions of the Act and these Regulations.
- 7. The meetings of the board were presided over by the Chief Executive and, in his absence, by a director elected by the board for this purpose. The board has complied with the requirements of Act and the Regulations with respect to frequency, recording and circulating minutes of meeting of board.
- 8. The board of directors have a formal policy and transparent procedures for remuneration of directors in accordance with the Act and these Regulations.
- 9. In accordance with the criteria specified in Regulations, four directors of the company are exempted from the requirement of director's training program.
- 10. The board had already approved and assigned the additional responsibilities of CFO and Company Secretary of Finishers Limited in Group Companies including their remuneration and terms and conditions of employment and complied with relevant requirements of the Regulations.
- 11. CFO and CEO duly endorsed the financial statements before approval of the board.
- 12. The board has already constituted the Audit Committee comprising of members given below:
  - a) Audit Committee: Mr. Aftab Alam, Mr. Faraz Alam and Mr. Ashhar Alam.
  - b) HR & Remuneration Committee: Mr. Faraz Alam, Mr. Ashhar Alam and Mr. Jamal Alam.



Hyderabad: September 29, 2025

- 13. The terms of reference of the aforesaid committees have been formed, documented and advised to the committee for compliance.
- 14. The frequency of meetings (quarterly/half yearly/ yearly) of the committee were as per following:

a) Audit Committee: 05 Meetings

a) HR & Remuneration Committee: 01 Meeting

- 15. The board has set up an effective internal audit function who are considered suitably qualified and experienced for the purpose and are conversant with the policies and procedures of the company.
- 16. The statutory auditors of the company have confirmed that they have been given a satisfactory rating under the quality control review program of the ICAP, and registered with Audit Oversight Board of Pakistan that they or any of the partners of the firm, their spouses and minor children do not hold shares of the company and that the firm and all its partners are in compliance with International Federation of Accountants (IFAC) guidelines on code of ethics as adopted by the ICAP and that they and the partners of the firm involved in the audit are not a close relative( spouse, parent, dependent and non-dependent children) of the chief executive officer, chief financial officer, head of internal audit, company secretary or director of the company.
- 17. The statutory auditors or the persons associated with them have not been appointed to provide other services except in accordance with the Act, these regulations or any other regulatory requirement and the auditors have confirmed that they have observed IFAC guidelines in this regard.
- 18. We confirm that all requirements of Regulations 3,7,8, 27, 32, 33 and 36 of the Regulations have been complied with.
- 19. Explanation for non-compliance with Regulation other than regulations 3, 7, 8, 27, 32, 33 and 36 are below:

S.No.	Requirement	Explanation
1	Independent Director Independent Director should be at least two or one third members of the Board.	The operations of the Company are suspended since 2015, hence, Independent Directors will be appointed after restoration of the business activities.
2	Nomination Committee  The Board may constitute a separate committee, designated as the nomination committee, of such number and class of directors, as it may deem appropriate in its circumstances.	Currently, the Board has not constituted a separate nomination committee and the functions are being performed by the human resource and remuneration committee
3	Risk Management Committee  The Board may constitute the risk management committee, of such number and class of directors, as it may deem appropriate in its circumstances, to carry out a review of effectiveness of risk management procedures and present a report to the Board.	requisite functions and apprise the Board accordingly

**RAUF ALAM** 

SAEED ALAM

Chief Executive

Director



# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REVIEW REPORT To the members of : FATEH SPORTS WEAR LIMITED

# Review Report on the Statement of Compliance contained in Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019

We have reviewed the enclosed Statement of Compliance with the Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019 (the Regulations) prepared by the Board of Directors of **FATEH SPORTS WEAR LIMITED** (the Company) for the year ended June 30, 2025 in accordance with the requirements of regulation 36 of the Regulations.

The responsibility for compliance with the Regulations is that of the Board of Directors of the Company. Our responsibility is to review whether the Statement of Compliance reflects the status of the Company's compliance with the provisions of the Regulations and report if it does not and to highlight any non-compliance with the requirements of the Regulations. A review is limited primarily to inquiries of the Company's personnel and review of various documents prepared by the Company to comply with the Regulations.

As a part of our audit of the financial statements we are required to obtain an understanding of the accounting and internal control systems sufficient to plan the audit and develop an effective audit approach. We are not required to consider whether the Board of Directors' statement on internal control covers all risks and controls or to form an opinion on the effectiveness of such internal controls, the Company's corporate governance procedures and risks.

The Regulations require the Company to place before the Audit Committee, and upon recommendation of the Audit Committee, place before the Board of Directors for their review and approval, its related party transactions. We are only required and have ensured compliance of this requirement to the extent of the approval of the related party transactions by the Board of Directors upon recommendation of the Audit Committee.

Further, we highlight below instances of non-compliance with the requirements of the Regulations as reflected in paragraph 2 and 9 of the Statement of Compliance:

**Independent Directors** – As per Regulation No. 6 of the Regulations, which is mandatory, the independent directors should not be less than two or one third of the total number of the board of directors, whichever is higher. The Company has not appointed any independent director.

**Directors' Training Program**— Three directors out of seven, have not acquired directors' training program certification as required by Regulation 19 of the Regulations, which is recommendatory. The other four directors are exempt from directors' training program.

Based on our review nothing has come to our attention which causes us to believe that the Statement of Compliance does not appropriately reflect the Company's compliance, in all material respects, with the requirements contained in the Regulations as applicable to the Company for the year ended June 30, 2025.

Clarkson Hyde Saud Ansari Chartered Accountants Engagement Partner – Saud Ansari Karachi

Dated: September 30, 2025

**UDIN:** CR202510149Rua98CXiV



#### **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

To the members of: FATEH SPORTS WEAR LIMITED

#### **Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements**

#### **Qualified Opinion**

We have audited the annexed financial statements of **FATEH SPORTS WEAR LIMITED** (the Company), which comprise the statement of financial position as at June 30, 2025, and the statement of profit or loss, the statement of other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity, the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, and we state that we have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purposes of the audit.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, except for the possible effects of the matter described in the *Basis for Qualified Opinion* section of our report the statement of financial position, the statement of profit or loss, the statement other of comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity, and the statement of cash flows, together with the notes forming part thereof conform with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and give the information required by the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017), in the manner so required and respectively give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at June 30, 2025 of the profit and the comprehensive income, the changes in equity and its cash flows for the year then ended.

#### **Basis for Qualified Opinion**

- i. The carrying value of property, plant and equipment as of the reporting date is Rs.10,100,301. As stated in Note No.1 to the financial statements, the operations of the Company have been closed since the year 2015. Therefore there is an indication that items of property, plant and equipment may have been impaired. The Company has not carried out an exercise to assess their fair value, we are therefore unable to obtain sufficient appropriate evidence about the carrying amount of property, plant and equipment, and to determine if impairment loss, if any is to be recognized.
- ii. The Company has reported work in progress at a carrying amount of Rs.29,844,042 the work on the project has been suspended for the last two years, we are also unable to obtain sufficient appropriate evidence about the carrying amount of the same and to determine if impairment loss, if any, is to be recognized.
- iii. We have been unable to receive balance confirmations for balances of trade creditors amounting to Rs.781,144, other payables amounting to Rs.2,018,986, and an amount of Rs.1,200,898 included in accrued expenses, as disclosed in note no. 15 to the financial statements. Hence these balances remained unverified.



iv. The previous year's audit opinion on the financial statements was also qualified with respect to matters (i) to (iii) above, therefore our opinion on the current year's financial statements is also qualified because of the effects of this matter on the comparability of the current year's figures and the corresponding figures

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) as applicable in Pakistan. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (the Code) and we have fulfilled our ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Material Uncertainty relating to Going concern

We draw attention to Note 2.4 to the financial statements, which states that these financial statements have been prepared on going concern basis, yet there are factors which affect the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, for instance the operations of the Company have been closed since the year 2015, due to the reasons as stated in Note No.1. The aforesaid condition indicates the existence of a material uncertainty which cast significant doubt about the company's ability to continue as a going concern. Management's plans and other mitigating factors to this matter have been discussed in Note 2.4 to the financial statements. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

#### **Key Audit Matters**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. In addition to the matters described in the *Basis for Qualified Opinion* and *Material Uncertainty Related to Going Concern sections*, we have determined that there are no key audit matters to be communicated in our report:

#### Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements, or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. As described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion section above, we have been unable to obtain sufficient appropriate evidence in respect of the matters reported therein. Accordingly, we are unable to conclude whether or not the other information is materially misstated with respect to that matter.



#### Responsibilities of Management and Board of Directors for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and the requirements of Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017) and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so. Board of directors are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due
  to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain
  audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of
  not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting
  from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations,
  or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
  opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.



- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusion is based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the board of directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in the internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the board of directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the board of directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

#### **Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements**

Based on our audit, except for the matter described in *the Basis for Qualified Opinion* section above, we further report that in our opinion:

- a) proper books of account have been kept by the Company as required by the Companies Act,2017 (XIX of 2017);
- b) the statement of financial position, the statement of profit or loss, the statement of other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows, together with notes thereon have been drawn up in conformity with the Companies Act,2017(XIX of 2017) and are in agreement with the books of account and returns;



- c) investments made, expenditure incurred and guarantees extended during the year were for the purpose of the Company's business; and
- d) no Zakat was deductible at source under the Zakat and Usher Ordinance, 1980 (XVIII of 1980).

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is **SAUD ANSARI** 

# **Clarkson Hyde Saud Ansari**

Chartered Accountants
Date: 30<sup>th</sup> September, 2025 **UDIN:** AR202510149itrSal0QW



General reserve

Loan from Directors

**Provision for Taxation** 

**Unappropriated Profit** 

**CURRENT LIABILITIES**Trade and Other Payables

**CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS** 

Statement of Financial Position as at J	une 30, 202	5	
	NOTE NO.	30-06-2025 Rupees	30-06-2024 Rupees
NON CURRENT ASSETS			·
Property, Plant and Equipment	4	10,100,301	10,376,005
Capital work in progress	5	29,844,042	29,844,042
		39,944,343	40,220,047
CURRENT ASSETS			
Stores, Spares and Loose Tools	6	0	0
Inventories Trade Receivables	7 8	0	0   556,600,000
Advances, Deposits and Prepayments	9	2,002,368	1,748,395
Other Receivables	10	0	0
Cash and Bank Balances	11	82,931	81,563
		569,285,299	558,429,958
		609,229,642	598,650,005
SHARE CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Share Capital Revenue Reserve	12	20,000,000	20,000,000

The annexed notes form an integral part of these financial statements

RAUF ALAM SAEED ALAM MUHAMMAD ISMAIL

Dated: September 29, 2025 Chief Executive Director Chief Financial Officer

13

14

15

16

53,500,000

500,134,693

573,634,693

5,205,114

113,391

30,276,444

35,594,949

609,229,642

53,500,000

493,106,224

566,606,224

5,119,314

113,391

26,811,076

32,043,781

598,650,005



#### **Statement of Profit or Loss**

For the year ended June 30, 2025

	NOTE NO.	30-06-2025 Rupees	30-06-2024 Rupees
Sales		0	0
Less: Cost of Sales		0	0
Gross Profit		0	0
Less: Administration Expense	17	3,029,639	2,788,060
Operating Loss		(3,029,639)	(2,788,060)
Foreign Exchange Gain/(Loss)		10,600,000	(16,600,000)
		7,570,361	(19,388,060)
Financial expenses - Bank Charges		(892)	(661)
Other Charges	18	(541,000)	(516,201)
Profit/(Loss) Before Taxation		7,028,469	(19,904,922)
Taxation	19	0	0
Net Profit/(Loss) for the year		7,028,469	(19,904,922)
Earning/(Loss) per share	20	3.51	(9.95)

The annexed notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

RAUF ALAM
Chief Executive

SAEED ALAM Director MUHAMMAD ISMAIL
Chief Financial Officer

Dated: September 29, 2025



## **Statement of Comprehensive Income**

For the year ended June 30, 2025

Dated: September 29, 2025

	30-06-2025 Rupees	<b>30-06-2024</b> Rupees
Net Profit/(Loss) for the year	7,028,469	(19,904,922)
Other Comprehensive Income / (Loss)	-	-
Total Comprehensive Profit/(Loss) for the year	7,028,469	(19,904,922)

The annexed notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

**RAUF ALAM** 

Chief Executive

SAEED ALAM Director **MUHAMMAD ISMAIL** 

Chief Financial Officer



## **Statement Cash Flows**

For the year ended June 30, 2025

·	30-06-2025 Rupees	30-06-2024 Rupees
Cash flow from Operating Activities		
Profit / (Loss) before taxation	7,028,469	(19,904,922)
Adjustments for:		
Depreciation	275,704	306,501
Foreign Exchange Gain/(Loss)	(10,600,000)	16,600,000
Operating (loss) before working capital changes	(3,295,827)	(2,998,421)
(Increase) /Decrease in Operating Assets		
Trade Receiveables	0	0
Advance, Deposits and Prepayments	0	0
	(3,295,827)	(2,998,421)
Increase /(Decrease) in Operating Liabilities		
Trade and Other Payables	85,800	34,551
Cash used in operations	(3,210,027)	(2,963,870)
Income Taxes paid	(253,973)	(214,745)
Net Cash from (used in) Operating Activities	(3,464,000)	(3,178,615)
Cash From Investing Activities		0
Cash From Financing Activities		
Short term Loan (Repaid) / Received	3,465,368	3,120,121
Net Cash generated from Financing Activities	3,465,368	3,120,121
Net Increase/(Decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	1,368	(58,494)
Cash and Cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	81,563	140,057
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	82,931	81,563

The annexed notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

RAUF ALAM SAEED ALAM MUHAMMAD ISMAIL

**Dated: September 29, 2025** Chief Executive Director Chief Financial Officer



# **Statement of Changes in Equity** For the year ended June 30, 2025

	Issued Subscribed & Paid up Capital	General Reserve Revenue	Unappropriated Profit/ Accumulated (Losses) -Rupees	Total
Balance as at July 1, 2023	20,000,000	53,500,000	513,011,146	586,511,146
Net (Loss) for the Year	0	0	(19,904,922)	(19,904,922)
Other comprehensive income for the year	0	0	0	0
Balance as at June 30, 2024	20,000,000	53,500,000	493,106,224	566,606,224
Net Profit for the Year	0	0	7,028,469	7,028,469
Other comprehensive income for the year	0	0	0	0
Balance as at June 30, 2025	20,000,000	53,500,000	500,134,693	573,634,693

The annexed notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

**RAUF ALAM** 

Chief Executive

Dated: September 29, 2025

**SAEED ALAM** 

Director

**MUHAMMAD ISMAIL** 

Chief Financial Officer



#### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

#### For the year ended June 30, 2025

#### 1 CORPORATE AND GENERAL INFORMATION

The company was incorporated on May 20, 1984, as a public company limited by shares under the Companies Ordinance, 1984 (now the Companies Act, 2017), and is listed on Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited. The business of company is to manufacture ready-made garments for selling them locally as well as exporting.

The manufacturing activities had remained suspended since 2003. The manufacturing activities were commenced during the year 2013 for supplying goods to local and foreign customers, but due to scarce financial resources the operations were not viable, hence operations were closed in March 2015. The core reason for non-production is blockage of funds with Russia at time when the Russian Central Bank defaulted on its debts due to disintegration of U.S.S.R., that rendered the Company into financiual distress. The manufacturing activities could not be profitably carried out with scarce financial resources, hence to mitigate the operational and administrative costs, operations had remained closed.

The geographical locations and addresses of Company's offices are as under:

- The Registered office is situated at 442, Mirpurkhas Road, Hyderabad.
- Factory is also situated at 442, Mirpurkhas Road, Hyderabad.

#### 2 BASIS OF PRESENTATION

#### 2.1 Statement of Compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting and financial reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan. The accounting and financial reporting standards applicable in Pakistan comprise of:

- International Financial Reporting Standards issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) as notified under the Companies Act, 2017; and
- Provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017.

information about climate-related risks and opportunities.

Where provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 differ from the IFRS, the provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 have been followed.

#### 2.2 New standards, interpretations and amendments to published approved accounting standards that are effective in the current year

The following standards, amendments and interpretations are effective for the current year. These standards, amendments and interpretations are either not relevant to the Company's operations or are not expected to have significant impact on the Company's financial statements other than certain additional disclosures:

Amendments to IFRS 16 ' Leases' - Clarification on how seller-lessee subsequently Effective date: January 1, 2024 measures sale and lease back

Amendments to IAS 1 ' Presentation of Financial Statements ' - Clarification liabilities Effective date: January 1, 2024 as current or non-current along with non-current liabilities with convenants

Amendments to IAS 7 ' Statement of Cash Flows ' and IFRS 7 ' Financial Instruments ' Effective date: January 1, 2024 - Supplier finance arrangements

#### 2.3 Standards, interpretations and amendments to published approved accounting standards that are neither yet effective nor early adopted

The following amendments are effective for accounting periods, beginning on or after the date mentioned against each of them. These amendments are either not relevant to the Company's operations or are not expected to have significant impact on the Company's financial statements other than certain additional disclosures.

Amendments to IFRS 9 ' Financial Instruments' and IFRS 7 ' Financial Instruments Effective date: January 1, 2026 Disclosures' - Classification and measuremet of financial instruments and contracts referencing nature-dependaent electricity

- IFRS 17 'Insurance Contracts' (including June 2020and December 2021 amendments) Effective date: January 1, 2026

Amendments to IAS 21 ' The Effects of Changes in foreign Exchange Rates '

- Clarification on how an entity accounts when there is a long term lack of exchangeability Effective date: January 1, 2025

Annual improvements to IFRS (related to IFRS 1, IFRS 7, IFRS 9, IFRS 10 and IAS 7) Effective date: January 1, 2026

IFRS S1 General Requirements for Disclosure of Sustainability-Related Financial Informationand IFRS S2 Climate-Related Disclosures - Core framework for the disclosure of material opportunities across an entity's value chain and set out the requirements for entities to disclose

Effective date: July 1, 2025



Other than the aforesaid amendments, the IASB has also issued the following standards which have not been adopted locally by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan:

IFRS 1 'First Time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards'

IFRS 18 'Presentation and Disclosures in Financial Statements'

IFRS 19 'Subsidiaries without Public Accountability: Disclosures'

#### 2.4 Basis of Measurement

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by the remeasurement of investments to their fair value. In these financial statements, except for the amounts reflected in the cash flow statement, all transactions have been accounted for under the accrual basis of accounting.

#### Going Concern Assumption

These financial statements have been prepared on going concern basis, yet there are factors which effect the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, in the past, for instance the operations of the Company have been closed since the year 2015, due to the reasons as stated in Note No.1.

#### Mitigating Factors to the Uncertainity relating to the use of Going Concern

Foreign debtors with Russia were blocked due to delink age of the same with Russian Federation. The management of the Company had filed an appeal before the Honourable Foreign Exchange Regulation Appellate Board, Karachi against the order of Honourable Foreign Exchange Adjudication Court, State Bank of Pakistan, Banking Services Corporation in July 2014. Foreign Exchange Regulation Appellate Board, vide order dated 24.04.2017 has annulled and set aside the said order and directed the adjudication officer to pass afresh speaking and final order on all legal and factual grounds and further directed to not to take any coercive measures against the appellant till further direction of the Appellate Board. Further during the year 2019 the Company had filed a constitutional petition before the Honourable High Court of Sindh.

The Government of Pakistan and the Russian Federation have been discussing the matter for settlement of claims by the Pakistani exporters. The Government of Pakistan has frozen the account of the Russian Federation Government maintained with NBP, till the settlement of the claims of the Pakistani exporters, in accordance, with the order of the Honourable High Court of Sindh. Consequent to the negotiations for recovery of stuck up funds from Russian the Federation, an amount of USD 3,200,000 was placed at the disposal of the Company, out of which an amount of USD 1,200,000 (Rs.190,560,000) including sea freight compensation has been received three years Back.

The FER cases against the Company have been vacated by the Foreign Exchange Adjudication Office vide order dated September 14, 2023 in favour of the Company. The Foreign Exchange Adjudication Officer has remarked in his order that stuck up amount is to be paid to the Company after settlement of family dispute, as disclosed in Note No.16. Thus there are prospects that the Company will receive the stuck up funds, once the family cases are vacated. The equity is positive, the management has no plans to liquidate its assets other than in the normal course of business. Moreover continued financial support is available from the directors and other related parties.

Since operations have not yet been commenced there is a material uncertainty which cast significant doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, therefore it may be unable to realise its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business. These financial statements do not include any adjustments relating to the recoverability and classification of recorded assets amounts, and discharge and classification of liabilities, that may be necessary should the company be unable to continue as a going concern.

#### 2.5 Functional and Presentation Currency

These financial statements are presented in Pakistan Rupees, which is the company's functional and presentation currency.

#### 2.6 Use of Estimates and Judgements

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with the approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan, requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis of making judgements about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates. The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods. The estimates and judgements that have a significant effect on the financial statements, are as follows:-

#### Depreciable amount and useful lives of Property, Plant and Equipment

In accordance with the accounting policy, the management carries out an annual assessment of depreciation amount and useful lives of assets. Further, the Company reviews the value of assets for possible impairment on an annual basis. Any change in the estimates in the future might affect the carrying amount of respective item of property, plant and equipment, with a corresponding effect on the depreciation charge and impairment.



#### Stores, Spares and Loose Tools

The Company reviews the net realisable value and impairment of stores, spares and loose tools to assess any diminution in the respective carrying value and wherever required provision for impairment is made. The calculation of provision involves the use of estimates with regard to future estimated use and past consumption of stores and spares along with holding period.

#### **Inventories**

Net realizable value of inventories is determined with reference to currently prevailing selling prices less estimated expenditure to make sales.

#### Provision for Expected Credit Losses

The allowance for expected credit losses assessment, requires a degree of estimation and judgement. It is based on the lifetime expected credit loss, based on days overdue. In particular, judgement by management is required in the estimation of the amount and timing of future cash flows, in determining the level of provision.

#### Income Taxes

In making the estimates for income tax currently payable by the Company, the management takes into account the current income tax law and the decisions of appellate authorities on certain issues in the past.

#### 3 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### 3.1 Property, Plant and Equipment

These are stated at cost less depreciation and impairment loss, if any. Depreciation is charged on pro-rata basis by applying the reducing balance method, whereby the cost of an asset is written off over its useful life, at the rates specified in note. 4 to the financial statements. The residual value, depreciation method and the useful lives of each part of property, plant and equipment that is significant in relation to the total cost of the asset are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each reporting date.

Maintenance and normal repairs are charged to profit and loss account as and when incurred, whereas major renewals and improvements are capitalized and the assets so replaced, if any, are retired. Gains and losses on disposal of assets, if any, are taken to the profit and loss.

#### 3.2 Stores, Spares and Loose Tools

These are carried at lower of moving average cost or net realisable value, except items in transit which are stated at cost accumulated up to the date of the financial statements.

#### 3.3 Inventories

These are carried at lower of cost or net realisable value. Cost is calculated on the following basis:

- Raw materials at moving average cost

- Goods in Transit at cost accumulated up to the closing date

- Goods in Process at manufacturing cost

- Finished Goods at average manufacturing cost

Net realizable value signifies the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less cost of completion and cost necessarily to be incurred in order to make the sales.

#### 3.4 Financial Instruments

The Company follows IFRS 9 "Financial Instruments". The standard prescribes classification and measurement models for financial assets. A financial asset shall be measured at amortised cost if it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets in order to collect contractual cash flows which arise on specified dates and that are solely principal and interest. A debt instrument shall be measured at fair value through other comprehensive income if it is held within a business model whose objective is to both hold assets in order to collect contractual cash flows which arise on specified dates that are solely principal and interest as well as selling the asset on the basis of its fair value. All other financial assets are classified and measured at fair value through profit or loss unless the Company makes an irrevocable election on initial recognition to present gains and losses on equity instruments in other comprehensive income. Despite these requirements, a financial asset may be irrevocably designated as measured at fair value through profit or loss to reduce the effect of, or eliminate, an accounting mismatch. For financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss, the standard requires the portion of the change in fair value that relates to the Company's own credit risk to be presented in other comprehensive income (unless it would create an accounting mismatch). Hedge accounting requirements are intended to more closely align the accounting treatment with the risk management activities of the Company. Impairment requirements use an 'expected credit loss' ('ECL') model to recognize an allowance. Impairment is measured using a 12-month ECL method unless the credit risk on a financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition in which case the lifetime ECL method is adopted. For receivables, a simplified approach to measuring expected credit losses using a lifetime expected loss allowance is available.

#### Recognition of Financial Instruments

The Company initially recognizes financial assets on the date when they are originated. Financial liabilities are initially recognized on the trade date when the entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.



#### Initial Measurement of Financial Instruments

At initial recognition a financial asset or financial liability, except trade receivables, is initially measured at fair value, plus or minus, in the case of financial asset or financial liability not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to acquisition or issue of financial asset or financial liability.

#### 3.4.1 Trade Receivables

Trade debts are carried at original invoice amount less an estimated amount for expected credit loss, if any. Balances considered bad and irrecoverable are written off when identified. A contract asset or trade receivable is impaired if the credit risk on that financial asset has increased significantly since the initial recognition. For trade receivables, a simplified approach under IFRS 9 to measure expected credit losses using a lifetime expected credit losses amount is used.

#### 3.4.2 Trade and Other Payables

Liabilities for trade and other amounts payable are initially recognized at fair value, which is normally the transaction cost. Subsequently they are measured at amortised cost.

#### 3.4.3 Borrowings

Financing and borrowings are initially recognized at fair value of the consideration received, net of transaction costs. They are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

#### 3.4.5 Offsetting of Financial Instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the financial statements only when the Company has a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and intends either to settle on a net basis or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously

#### 3.5 Foreign Currencies Translation

These financial statements are presented in Pak Rupees, which is the Company's functional currency. All monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into Pak Rupees at the rates of exchange prevailing at the balance sheet date, while the transactions in foreign currency during the year are initially recorded in functional currency at the rates of exchange prevailing at the transaction date. All non monetary items are translated into Pak Rupee at exchange rates prevailing at the date of transaction or the date when fair values are determined. The Company charges all exchange differences to profit and loss account.

#### 3.6 Taxation

The tax expense for the year comprises current and deferred tax, if any. Tax is recognised in the profit and loss account, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

#### Current

Current taxation is based on the taxable income for the year determined in accordance with the prevailing income tax law. The charge for current taxation is calculated using the tax rates or tax rates expected to apply to the profit for the year if enacted. The charge for current taxation also includes adjustments where considered necessary, to provision for taxation made in previous years arising from assessments framed during the year for such years.

#### Deferred

Deferred tax is recognised using balance sheet liability method, providing for all temporary differences between carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes. Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates that are expected to be applied to the temporary differences when they reverse, based on the laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

A deferred tax asset is recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which temporary differences can be utilised. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realized.



#### 3.7 Revenue from contracts with customers

The Company follows IFRS 15 for recognition of revenue from contracts with customers. The Standard provides a single five-step model for revenue recognition and establishes a comprehensive framework for recognition of revenue from contracts with customers based on a core principle that an entity should recognize revenue representing the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. The standard provides a contract-based revenue recognition model with a measurement approach that is based on an allocation of the transaction price. If the consideration promised in a contract includes a variable amount such as discounts, rebates and refunds, any potential bonuses receivable from the customer and any other contingent events, such estimates are determined using either the 'expected value' or 'most likely amount' method. The measurement of variable consideration is subject to a constraining principle whereby revenue will only be recognized to the extent that it is highly probable that a significant reversal in the amount of cumulative revenue recognized will not occur. The measurement constraint continues until the uncertainty associated with the variable consideration is subsequently resolved. Amounts received that are subject to the constraining principle are initially recognized as deferred revenue in the form of a separate refund liability. Credit risk is presented separately as an expense rather than adjusted against revenue. Customer acquisition costs and costs to fulfil a contract can, subject to certain criteria, be capitalized as an asset and amortized over the contract period.

#### 3.7.1 Sale of Goods

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised at the point in time when the customer obtains control of the goods, which is generally at the time of delivery to the customer in the case of domestic sales and shipment of goods in the case of exports.



# 4. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT for the year ended June 30, 2025

	COST	/ REVALUA	TION			DEPRECIATION		
PARTICULARS	As At 01-07-24	Addition/ (Deletion)	As At 30-06-2025	Rate (%)	As At 01-07-24	For the Year	As At 30-06-25	W.D.V As At 30-06-25
	Rupees		Rupees		Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees
Land - Freehold	7,624,853	-	7,624,853	-	-	-	-	7,624,853
Factory Building (on lease hold)	15,697,192	-	15,697,192	10	15,351,416	34,578	15,385,993	311,199
Plant & Machinery	35,362,937	-	35,362,937	10	34,115,064	124,787	34,239,853	1,123,084
Air Conditioning Plant	9,212,616	-	9,212,616	10	8,901,020	31,160	8,932,179	280,437
Tools & Equipments	459,986	-	459,986	10	444,925	1,506	446,430	13,556
Furniture & Fixture	2,743,952	-	2,743,952	10	2,673,348	7,060	2,680,408	63,544
Office Equipment	397,803	-	397,803	10	380,312	1,749	382,062	15,741
Computers	1,484,872	-	1,484,872	10	1,406,032	7,884	1,413,916	70,956
Electric Fittings	13,494,122	-	13,494,122	10	12,840,097	65,402	12,905,500	588,622
Vehicles	3,641,836	-	3,641,836	20	3,635,957	1,176	3,637,133	4,703
Arms	187,258	-	187,258	10	183,251	401	183,652	3,606
	90,307,427	-	90,307,427		79,931,422	275,704	80,207,126	10,100,301

for the year ended June 30, 2024

	COST	/ REVALUA	TION			DEPRECIATION		
PARTICULARS	As At 01-07-23	Addition/ (Deletion)	As At 30-06-2024	Rate (%)	As At 01-07-23	For the Year	As At 30-06-2024	W.D.V As At 30-06-2024
	Rupees		Rupees		Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees
Land - Freehold	7,624,853	-	7,624,853	-	-	-	-	7,624,853
Factory Building (on lease hold)	15,697,192	-	15,697,192	10	15,312,996	38,420	15,351,416	345,770
Plant & Machinery	35,362,937	-	35,362,937	10	33,976,411	138,653	34,115,064	1,247,87
Air Conditioning Plant	9,212,616	-	9,212,616	10	8,866,398	34,622	8,901,020	311,59
Tools & Equipments	459,986	-	459,986	10	443,252	1,673	444,925	15,06
Furniture & Fixture	2,743,952	-	2,743,952	10	2,665,503	7,845	2,673,348	70,60
Office Equipment	397,803	-	397,803	10	378,368	1,944	380,312	17,49
Computers	1,484,872	-	1,484,872	10	1,397,272	8,760	1,406,032	78,840
Electric Fittings	13,494,122	-	13,494,122	10	12,767,428	72,669	12,840,097	654,02
Vehicles	3,641,836	-	3,641,836	20	3,634,487	1,470	3,635,957	5,879
Arms	187,258	-	187,258	10	182,806	445	183,251	4,00
	90,307,427		90,307,427		79,624,921	306,501	79,931,422	10,376,00

Particulars of immovable property (i.e. land and building) in the name of Company as follows:

Plot Survey Nos. 15, 17 and 18 Ward-A. Government College Road, Near Production 7139 sq.yds	<u>Location</u>	<u>Usage</u>	Total Area
Phuleli Lake, Kali Mori, Hyderabad Sindh facility	Plot Survey Nos. 15, 17 and 18 Ward-A, Government College Road, Ne Phuleli Lake, Kali Mori, Hyderabad Sindh		7139 sq.yds
Plot Survey Nos. 35, 36, 267, 373 and 453 Deh Nareja, Tapo Giddu Bandar, Latifabad Hyderabad, Sindh.  Open plot  10 Acres & 28 Ghuntas		odar, Open plot	
Allocation of Depreciation: 2025 2024	cation of Depreciation:	2025	2024
Rupees Rupees		Rupees	Rupees
Cost of Sales <b>0</b> 0	of Sales	0	0
Administrative Expenses 275,704 306,501	inistrative Expenses	275,704	306,501
<b>275,704</b> 306,501		275,704	306,501



		30-06-2025 Rupees	30-06-2024 Rupees
5.	CAPITAL WORK IN PROCESS		
	Building	4,584,175	4,584,175
	Furniture & Fixture	21,593,467	21,593,467
	Electric Fittings	2,728,400	2,728,400
	Air Conditioners	938,000	938,000
		29,844,042	29,844,042

This represents expenditure on renovation of building partially to be utilized as banquet. The management of the company intends to rent out the same in future after completion. Due to non-availability of funds, work was not completed till the date of finalization of accounts..

#### 6. STORES, SPARES AND LOOSE TOOLS

	Stores	2,317,712	2,317,712
	Spares and loose tools	8,466,020	8,466,020
		10,783,732	10,783,732
	Less: Provision for Obsolescence	(10,783,732)	(10,783,732)
		0	0
7.	INVENTORIES		_
	Raw and Packing Material	21,405,269	21,405,269
	Less: Provision for Obsolescence	(21,405,269)	(21,405,269)
		0	0
8.	TRADE RECEIVABLES		
	Foreign Debtors (Note No.8.1)	1,934,393	1,934,393
	Foreign Debtors - Restrained by Court (Note No.8.2)	567,200,000	556,600,000
	Domestic Debtors	28,436	28,436
		569,162,829	558,562,829
	Less: Provisions for Expected Credit Losses (Note No.8.5)	(1,962,829)	(1,962,829)
		567,200,000	556,600,000

- **8.1** This represents Company's unconditional right to receive consideration for the supply of goods under contract with customers.
- 8.2 As stated in Note Nos. 1 and 2.5 foreign debtors with Russia were blocked due to delink age of the same with Russian Federation. The Foreign Exchange Adjudication Court, Karachi vide its judgement order dated 31.03.2011 had linked the settlement of E Forms with the realisation of export proceeds and claims of Pakistani Exporters from the Russian Federation Accounts in the name of Vinesheconom bank with NBP. During the year 2013 the cases of realisation of export proceeds were reopened and orders were issued by the Honorable Foreign Exchange Adjudication Court, State Bank of Pakistan, Banking Services Corporation for realisation of export proceeds. The FER cases against the Company have been vacated by the Foreign Exchange Adjudication Office vide order dated September 14, 2023 in favour of the Company. The claim of the Company was settled for USD 3,200,000 and the Company received USD 1,200,000 during the year, but USD 2,000,000 (Rs.567,200,000/-) were blocked vide a restraining order by the High Court of Sindh, in consequence of a suit filed by a family member of the directors, claiming 33% share in the amount received, as explained in Note No.16. The amount of Rs.567,200,000/- is considered good, as stated in Note No.16, hence no provision is made for expected credit loss.

8.3	Foreign defaulting customers are as follows:	USD	Rupees
	Alpha Garment Inc. New York, USA	7,912	7,912
	Exe Jeans Czech Republic	10,545	10,545
		18,457	18,457
	The above customers are not related to the Company.		
8.4	The aging of trade receivables is as under:		
	up to 1 - 5 years	0	0
	up to 5 year and above	569,162,829	558,562,829
		569,162,829	558,562,829



			30-06-2025	30-06-2024
			Rupees	Rupees
	8.5	Provision for Expected Credit Losses		
		Opening Balance	1,962,829	1,962,829
		Less: Reversed during the year	0	0
			1,962,829	1,962,829
9.	ADV	ANCES, DEPOSITS AND PREPAYMENTS		
	Inco	me Tax	1,936,168	1,682,195
		rity Deposits - Utilities	66,200	66,200
	Adva	ances	161,123	161,123
		. Duavisian for Europhad Condit Lagge	2,163,491	1,909,518
	Less	: Provision for Expected Credit Losses	<u>(161,123)</u> 2,002,368	(161,123) 1,748,395
10.	ОТН	IER RECEIVABLES	2,002,300	1,7 10,333
	Exp	ort Rebate Receivable	17,027,195	17,027,195
		s: Provision for Expected Credit Losses ( Note No. 10.1 )	(17,027,195)	(17,027,195)
			0	0
	10.1	Provision for Expected Credit Losses	47.027.405	17 027 105
		Opening Balance Add: Provided during the year	17,027,195 0	17,027,195 0
		Add. Hovided during the year	17,027,195	17,027,195
11.	CAS	H AND BANK BALANCES		
	Cash	n in Hand	6,175	6,175
		n at Bank - Current Account	76,756	75,388
			82,931	81,563
12.	SHA	RE CAPITAL		
	Autl	horized		
	5,00	0,000 ( 2023: 5,000,000 ) Shares of Rs. 10 each	50,000,000	50,000,000
	Issu	ied, Subscribed and Paid up		
		00 ( 2023 : 50,000 ) Ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each ed as fully paid in cash	500,000	500,000
		0,000 ( 2023 : 1,950,000 ) Ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each ed as fully paid bonus shares	19,500,000	19,500,000
	_		20,000,000	20,000,000
	Capi	ital Management		
	of fin	main objective of the company, when managing capital is to maintain opt ance for its existing operations, to safeguard the company's ability to conti hareholders.		
13.	TRA	DE AND OTHER PAYABLES		
	Trad	e Creditors	781,144	781,144
		ued Expenses	2,252,536	2,166,736
	Work	kers' Welfare Fund	152,448	152,448
	Othe	er Payable	2,018,986	2,518,986
			5,205,114	5,619,314



		30-06-2025 Rupees	30-06-2024 Rupees
14.	SHORT TERM LOAN		
	Loan from Directors (14.1)	27,056,076	26,311,076
	Other - Related Party (14.2)	3,220,368	500,000
		30,276,444	26,811,076

<sup>14.1</sup> This loan is from directors to meet routine expenditure and payment of liabilities including loans from banks. The loan is unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand.

#### 15. PROVISION FOR TAXATION

Opening Balance	113,391	113,391
Charge for the year	0	0
	113,391	113,391
Less: Advance Income Tax adjusted during the year	0	0
	113,391	113,391

#### 16. CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS.

Family members of the directors of the Company, namely Farheen Alamgir and Snobar Arif have filed suit against the Company on December 30, 2019, in the High Court of Sindh, Karachi, seeking set-aside of the Compromise Order dated 04.10.2019, whereby the Company has managed to receive stuck up trade receivables as mentioned in Note No.1 along with sea freight compensation, amounting to USD 3,200,000 and claiming 33% share in the said amount. The management of Company is vigorously pursuing the case and confident that the outcome of the case will be in favour of the Company. Therefore no liability has been provided against this claim.

Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited (PSX) has demanded Rs.1,328,632/- including Annual Listing Fee of Rs. 1,192,611/,- SECP Supervisory Fee of Rs. 102,296/- and Sales Tax Rs. 33,725/- for the years from 2014-15 to 2024-25. Company has over this period charged an amount of Rs.595,000 against this demand including Rs. 50,000/- per annum for eleven years and Rs. 5,000/- per annum for nine years towards Annual Listing Fee and SECP Supervisory Fee respectively. The management is of the opinion that the fee charged by the PSX is unjustified and has brought to the knowledge of PSX about the same, hence no provision of Rs. 733,632/- is made in the financial statements.

#### 17. ADMINISTRATION EXPENSES

	Rent, rates and taxes Fee and Subscription	61,550 218,690	150,840 153,000
	Utilities	2,473,695	2,177,719
	Depreciation	275,704	306,501
		3,029,639	2,788,060
18.	OTHER CHARGES	<del></del> <del></del>	
	Auditors' remuneration		
	Annual Audit Fee	400,000	400,000
	Half Yearly Review	85,000	75,000
	Out of pocket expenses	56,000	0
		541,000	475,000
	Bank Balance writeen off	0	41,201
		541,000	516,201

<sup>14.2</sup> This loan has been obtained from Mr. Anhar Alam, a related party to meet routine expenditure and payment of liabilities. The loan is unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand.



				30-06-2025	30-06-2024
				Rupees	Rupees
19.	TAXATION				
	Current tax charge			0	0
	19.1 Deductible Temporary Differences, Unuse recognized	ed Tax Loss and Ta	ax credit for which	no deferred Tax asset	
		2025 Rupees	Expiry Date	2024 Rupees	Expiry Date
	<b>Dedutible Temporary</b>				
	Provision for Expected Credit Losses	19,151,147	No Expiry	19,151,147	No Expiry
	Provision for Inventories Obsolescence	21,405,269	No Expiry	21,405,269	No Expiry
	Provision for Stores and Spares Obsolescence	10,783,732	No Expiry	10,783,732	No Expiry
	_	51,340,148		51,340,148	
	Unused Tax Losses				
	Trading Loss - 2019	-	30.06.2025	1,016,682	30.06.2025
	Trading Loss - 2020	536,819	30.06.2026	536,819	30.06.2026
	Trading Loss - 2021	2,113,082	30.06.2027	2,113,082	30.06.2027
	Trading Loss - 2022	1,694,338	30.06.2028	1,694,338	30.06.2028
	Trading Loss - 2023	3,655,531	30.06.2029	3,655,531	30.06.2029
	Trading Loss - 2024	2,957,220	30.06.2030	2,957,220	30.06.2030
	Trading Loss - 2025	3,295,827	30.06.2031	-	
	Unabsorbed Depreciation	17,953,775	No Expiry	17,809,414	No Expiry
	=	32,206,592		29,783,086	
20.	EARNINGS PER SHARE				
	Net Profit / (Loss) for the year			7,028,469	(19,904,922)
	Number of shares outstanding during the year			2,000,000	2,000,000
	Basic Earning / (Loss) per share			3.51	(9.95)
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	6.1. 0			

There is no dilutive effect on the basis loss per share of the Company.

#### 21. REMUNERATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE, DIRECTORS AND OTHER EXECUTIVES

Remuneration and meeting fees have been foregone by the directors and the chief executive and no remuneration and perquisities were paid to the directors, chief executive and other executives.

#### 22. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY

	Amortized Cost	FVTPL	Total
As at June 30, 2025		Rupees	
Financial Assets			
Trade Receivables	569,162,829	-	569,162,829
Advances and Deposits	227,323	-	227,323
Other Receivables	17,027,195		17,027,195
Cash and Bank Balances	82,931		82,931
	586,500,278		586,500,278
Financial Liabilities			
Trade and Other Payables	5,205,114	-	5,205,114
Loan from Directors	30,276,444		30,276,444
	35,481,558		35,481,558



		30-06-2025 Rupees	30-06-2024 Rupees
As at June 30, 2024 Financial Assets			
Trade Receivables	558,562,829	_	558,562,829
Advances and Deposits	227,323	- -	227,323
Other Receivables	17,027,195		17,027,195
Cash and Bank Balances	81,563	-	81,563
	575,898,910	-	575,898,910
Financial Liabilities			
Trade and Other Payables	5,619,314	-	5,619,314
Loan from Directors	26,311,076	-	26,311,076
	31,930,390	-	31,930,390

#### 23. FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

Fair value is an amount for which an asset could be exchanged, or a liability settled, between knowledgeable and willing parties in an arms's length transaction. Consequently, differences may arise between the carrying values and the fair value estimates. Underlying the definition of fair value is the presumption that the company is a going concern without any intention or requirement to curtail materially the scale of its operations or to undertake a transaction on adverse terms.

#### 23.1 Fair Value Hierarchy

Judgements and estimates are made in determining the fair values of the financial instruments that are recognized and measured at fair value in the financial statements. To provide an indication about the reliability of the inputs used in determining fair value, the financial instruments are classified into the following three levels:

- **Level-1** fair value measurements are those inputs derived from unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets and liabilities.
- **Level-2** fair value measurements are those inputs determined using valuation techniques which maximise the use observable market data and rely as little as possibleon on entity-specific estimates. If all significant inputs required to determine fair value of an instrument are observable, the instrument is included in Level 2. Examples are:
  - \* Adjusted quoted active market prices
  - \* Quoted price for a similar asset in an active market
  - There are no significant unobservable inputs
- **Level-3** fair value measurements are those inputs derived from valuation techniques that include inputs which are not based on observable market data. Examples are:
  - Discounted cash flows
  - Depreciated replacement cost

Financial assets and liabilities are not measured at fair value because the carrying value of all financial assets and liabilities approximate their fair value.

#### 24. FINANCIAL RISK EXPOSURE AND RISK MANAGEMENT

#### 24.1 Credit Risk

Credit risk represents the accounting loss that would be recognized if counter parties fail completely to perform as contracted.

#### Exposure to Credit Risk

The company is exposed to credit risk on the following financial assets. The carrying amount of these financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure at the reporting date, which is detailed as follows:

Trade Receivables	569,162,829	558,562,829
Advances and Deposits	227,323	227,323
Other Receivables	17,027,195	17,027,195
Cash and Bank Balances	76,756	75,388
	586,494,103	575,892,735



30-06-2025	30-06-2024
Rupees	Rupees

#### Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk arises from exposure to a single debtor, or when a number of counter parties are engaged in similar business activities or have similar economic features that would cause the ability to meet contractial obligations to be similarly affected by changes in economic, political or other conditions. The company is exposed to a concentration of credit risk on trade receivables.

#### Quality of Financial Assets

Trade receivables are due vide High Court's Orders. Cash at bank is with banks of repute enjoying good credit rating.

#### Credit Risk Management

The company attempts to control credit risk by monitoring credit exposures and continually assessing the credit worthiness of counter parties, reviewing clients' financial position, considering past experience and other factors.

#### 24.2 Market Risk

Market risk means that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises three types of risks: price risk, interest rate risk and foreign currency risk.

#### 24.2.1 Price Risk

The Company is not exposed to market price risk.

#### 24.2.2 Foreign Currency Risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the value of a financial asset or a liability will fluctuate due to a change in foreign exchange rate. It arises mainly where receivables and payables exist due to transactions entered into foreign currencies. The company's revenue streams include amounts in foreign currencies, hence it can experience adverse or beneficial effects arising from foreign exchange rate movements.

The following shows sensitivity of financial liabilities and expenses to a reasonable possible change in the foreign exchange rate:

Profit and (Loss)		
1% Increase	1% Decrease	
Rupees	Rupees	
5,672,000	5,672,000	
5,672,000	5,672,000	

Drofit and (Loca)

#### As at June 30, 2025

Cash Flow Sensitivity - Foreign Debtors

#### As at June 30, 2024

Cash Flow Sensitivity - Foreign Debtors

#### 24.3 Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that an enterprise will encounter difficulty in raising funds to meet commitments associated with financial instruments. The company belives that it is not exposed to any significant level of liquidity risk, as support is available from the directors and associated undertakings. Following are the contractual maturities of financial liabilities:

		Remaining contractual Maturities			
	Payable on Demand	Payable within a year	Payable after one year	Total	
		Rupees			
Non-Derivative Financial Liabilities	as at June 30, 2025				
Trade and Other Payables	-	5,205,114	-	5,205,114	
Loan from Directors	30,276,444	-	-	30,276,444	
	30,276,444	5,205,114	-	35,481,55	
Non-Derivative Financial Liabilities	as at June 30, 2024				
Trade and Other Payables	-	5,619,314	-	5,619,314	
Loan from Directors	26,311,076	-	-	26,311,076	
	26,311,076	5,619,314	-	31,930,39	



Rupees Rupees **RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS** Related parties comprise pf group companies ( associates ), directors, major shareholders, their close family members and key management personell. Transactions with related parties during the year, other than and including those which have been disclosed elsewhere in these financial statements, are given below: Name of Related Party **Nature of Transaction** Saeed Alam - Director Loan received / (Repaid) 745,000 3,120,121 26. FIGURES Figures have been rounded off to the nearest rupee. Loan from Anhar Alam was grouped with other payables last year, therefore it is reclassified for more appropriate presentation. Rupees Loan from Anhar Alam Reclassified from Other payable to Short Term Loan 500,000 27. NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES Total employees of the Company at year end Average employees of the Company during the year 28. PLANT CAPACITY AND PRODUCTION

#### 29. DATE OF AUTHORIZATION

explained in Note No.1.

These financial statements were authorized for issue on **September 29, 2025** by the Board of Directors of the Company.

The reason for non-production is blockage of funds with Russia that rendered the Company in to the financiual distress, as

Due to the nature of Company's business, production capacity of the plant is not determinable.

RAUF ALAM
Chief Executive
Dated: September 29, 2025

SAEED ALAM Director MUHAMMAD ISMAIL
Chief Financial Officer

30-06-2025

30-06-2024



# Pattern of holding of the shares held by the shareholders of Fateh Sports Wear Limited as at 30th June, 2025

NO. OF					TOTAL SHARES
SHAREHOLDERS		SHAREHOLDI	NG		HELD
58	From	1	То	100	3,064
49	From	101	То	500	13,899
11	From	501	То	1000	8,925
15	From	1001	То	5000	33,260
5	From	5001	То	10000	32,949
3	From	10001	То	15000	36,710
1	From	15001	То	20000	15,175
1	From	35001	То	40000	38,340
1	From	45001	То	50000	45,300
1	From	50001	То	55000	53,270
1	From	150001	То	155000	151,047
1	From	210001	То	215000	210,025
1	From	225001	То	230000	225,175
1	From	265001	То	270000	266,715
1	From	270001	То	275000	274,950
1	From	290001	То	295000	294,261
1	From	295001	То	300000	296,935
152	i		TC	DTAL	2,000,000

S. NO.	CATEGORIES OF SHAREHOLDERS	NUMBERS	TOTAL SHARES HELD	PERCENTAGE
1.	Individuals	143	1,936,210	96.81%
2.	Mutual Fund	1	45,300	2.27%
3.	Joint Stock Companies	2	5,905	0.30%
4.	Fiancial Instititions	1	97	0.00%
5.	<b>Investment Company</b>	3	12,280	0.61%
6.	Others	2	208	0.01%
	TOTAL	152	2,000,000	100.00%



## **CATEGORIES OF SHAREHOLDERS**

S.No.	Name	No. of Shares	%
1.	Associated Companies	Nil	
2.	NIT / ICP		
	CDC Trustee - National Investment (Unit) Trust Investment Corporation of Pakistan National Bank of Pakistan - Trustee Department	45,300 680 5,200 <b>Total &gt; 51,180</b>	2.56%
3.	Directors, CEO their spouses and minor children		
	Mr. Rauf Alam - Chief Executive Mr. Aftab Alam - Director Mr. Saeed Alam - Director Mr. Faraz Alam - Director Mr. Ashhar Alam - Director Mr. Jamal Alam - Director Mrs. Shabana Aftab - Director Mrs. Shabana Aftab - Director Mrs. Seema Rauf Mrs. Seema Rauf Mrs. Rana Saeed Mr. Anhar Alam	266,715 296,935 274,950 38,340 15,175 14,610 225,175 11,050 210,025 294,261 11,050 Total > 1,658,286	82.91%
4.	Executive	Nil	
5.	<b>Public Sector Companies &amp; Corporation</b>	Nil	
6.	Banks, DFIs, NBFIs, Modarbas, Insurance Companies, Mutual Funds & Others		
	Pakistan Industrial Credit & Investment Corporation Fateh Mohammad Akber NCC - Pre Settlement Delivery Account Fateh Textile Mills Limited National Bank of Pakistan Abandoned Properties	6,400 5,440 123 465 97 85 <b>Total</b> > <b>12,610</b>	0.63%







# **Form of Proxy**

I/We	Ve of			
being a membe	er(s) of <b>Fateh Sports Wear I</b>	Limited and hold	er of	Ordinary
Shares hereby a	ppoint Mr. / Mrs. / Miss		of	or
failing him / her		of	as my / our prox	κy in my / our
absence to atte	nd and vote for me / us on m	y / our behalf at tl	ne <b>42<sup>nd</sup> Annual Gene</b> ra	al Meeting to
be held on <b>Mon</b>	day October 27, 2025 at 09:0	<b>00 a.m</b> . and / or at	any adjournment the	reof.
In witness there	of I/We have signed and set i	my / our hands se	al thereon this	day of
	2025 in presence of	<del></del>		
Signed this	day of	2025		
Eglio No	CDC Accou	ınt No.	Signa	ature on

Folio No.	CDC Account No.			
FOIIO INO.	Participatne I.D.	Account No.		

Signature on Revenue Stamp

The Signature should agree with the specimen registered with the Company

#### **Important:**

- 1. This Proxy Form, duly completed and signed, must be deposited at the registered office of the Company not less than 48 hours before the time of holding the meeting. A proxy must be a member of the Company.
- 2. If a member appoints more than one proxy and more than one instrument of proxies are deposited by a member with the Company, all such instruments of proxy shall be rendered invalid.
- 3. For CDC Account holders / Corporate Entities

#### In addition to the above the following requirements have to be met:

- Attested copies of CNIC or the passport of the beneficial owners and the proxy shall be provided with the proxy form.
- The proxy shall produce his/her original CNIC or original passport at the time of the meeting.
- In case of corporate entity, the Board of Directors' resolution / power of attorney with specimen signature shall be submitted alongwith proxy form to the company.



Dear Member

#### Replacement of physical shares with book-entry form

Respected Shareholder,

We would like to inform you that as per the requirement of Section 72 of the Companies Act, 2017 ("**the Act**"), companies are required to convert shares issued in physical form with the shares in book-entry form (electronic form or CDC), within a period not exceeding four years from the date of the promulgation of the Act. The four-year period ended on 31<sup>st</sup> May 2021. The Securities & Exchange Commission of Pakistan ("**SECP**") vide its letter dated 26<sup>th</sup> March 2021, has advised all listed companies, having physical shares to pursue with their such shareholders who still hold shares in physical form, requiring conversion of their shares in the book-entry form.

It may be noted that maintaining shares in book-entry form has many advantages, including safe custody of shares with the CDC, unlike physical share certificates there is no risk of loss, instant credit of bonus/right shares. Whereas, the physical share certificates are not saleable through stock exchange and cannot be pledged, if required.

Accordingly, all shareholders who held their shares in physical form are hereby requested to proceed with the conversion of their physical share certificates into scrip less book-entry form at their earliest.

The scrip less book-entry shares are kept in electronic accounts maintained by the Central Depository Company Limited ("CDC"). The CDS Account can be opened and maintained by any CDC Participant (i.e. Stock Brokers) or by CDC Investor Account Services ("CDC-IAS"). You may contact any Stock Broker or CDC-IAS (Toll Free Tel. 0800-23275, email: <a href="maintained-by-arricing-info@cdcpak.com">info@cdcpak.com</a>)in this regard. If you have any query or require any guidance, you may also contact the Company's Share Registrar M/s. F.D. Registrar Services (Pvt.) Ltd. (Room No. 1705, 17<sup>th</sup> Floor, Saima Trade Tower "A", I.I. Chundrigar Road, Karachi-74000 Phone: (92-21) 32271905-6, email: fdregistrar@yahoo.com.

Regards,

## **Company Secretary**